



5.2 TREND MICRO™ Virtual Analyzer Image Preparation Tool Service Pack 2 User's Guide

Trend Micro Incorporated reserves the right to make changes to this document and to the tool described herein without notice. Before installing and using the tool, review the readme files, release notes, and/or the latest version of the applicable documentation, which are available from the Trend Micro website at:

<http://docs.trendmicro.com>

Trend Micro, the Trend Micro t-ball logo, and Virtual Analyzer are trademarks or registered trademarks of Trend Micro Incorporated. All other product or company names may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their owners.

© 2018 Trend Micro Incorporated. All Rights Reserved.

Document Part No.: APEM58447/180815

Release Date: August 2018

Protected by U.S. Patent No.: Patents pending.

This documentation introduces the main features of the tool and/or provides installation instructions for a production environment. Read through the documentation before installing or using the tool.

Detailed information about how to use specific features within the tool may be available at the Trend Micro Online Help Center and/or the Trend Micro Knowledge Base.

Trend Micro always seeks to improve its documentation. If you have questions, comments, or suggestions about this or any Trend Micro document, please contact us at docs@trendmicro.com.

Evaluate this documentation on the following site:

<http://docs.trendmicro.com/en-us/survey.aspx>

Table of Contents

Chapter 1: About this Guide

Document Conventions	1-2
Audience	1-3
Terminology	1-3

Chapter 2: OVA File Creation Using New Virtual Machine Images

Creating OVA Files Using New Virtual Machine Images	2-2
Required Software	2-2
Downloading and Installing VirtualBox	2-5
Creating Virtual Machine Images	2-6
Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment	2-24
Reducing the Size of VirtualBox Disk Images	2-32
Exporting Virtual Machine Images to OVA Files	2-33

Chapter 3: OVA File Creation Using Converted Virtual Hard Disk Drives

Creating OVA Files Using Converted Virtual Hard Disk Drives	3-2
Required Software	3-2
Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment	3-6
Exporting Virtual Machine Images	3-16
Creating Virtual Machine Images Using Converted Virtual Hard Disk Drives	3-30
Configuring Virtual Machine Images	3-46
Exporting Virtual Machine Images to OVA Files	3-51

Chapter 4: Virtual Analyzer Image Preparation Tool

Overview	4-2
System Requirements	4-3

Image Validation and Configuration 4-4

Using the Tool 4-5

Troubleshooting Common Issues 4-20

 Sample Logs 4-24

Chapter 1

About this Guide

This User's Guide provides information on how to prepare custom Virtual Analyzer images in the following topics:

- *[OVA File Creation Using New Virtual Machine Images on page 2-1](#)*
- *[OVA File Creation Using Converted Virtual Hard Disk Drives on page 3-1](#)*
- *[Virtual Analyzer Image Preparation Tool on page 4-1](#)*

Document Conventions

The documentation uses the following conventions:

TABLE 1-1. Document Conventions

CONVENTION	DESCRIPTION
UPPER CASE	Acronyms, abbreviations, and names of certain commands and keys on the keyboard
Bold	Menus and menu commands, command buttons, tabs, and options
<i>Italics</i>	References to other documents
Monospace	Sample command lines, program code, web URLs, file names, and program output
Navigation > Path	The navigation path to reach a particular screen For example, File > Save means, click File and then click Save on the interface
 Note	Configuration notes
 Tip	Recommendations or suggestions
 Important	Information regarding required or default configuration settings and product limitations
 WARNING!	Critical actions and configuration options

Audience

This User Guide is intended for administrators who need to create custom sandbox images for Virtual Analyzer. The document assumes a working knowledge of networks and information security, including the following topics:

- Deploying and administering Deep Discovery or TippingPoint products
- Using Oracle VM VirtualBox™ or VMware™ products

Terminology

TERMINOLOGY	DESCRIPTION
Open Virtual Appliance (OVA)	A ready-to-use software package (operating system with applications) that does not require additional configuration or installation. Virtual Analyzer supports only image files in the Open Virtual Appliance (OVA) format.
Sandbox image	A template used to deploy sandbox instances in Virtual Analyzer. A sandbox image includes an operating system, installed software, and other settings necessary for that specific computing environment.
Sandbox instance	A single virtual machine based on a sandbox image.
Virtual Analyzer	A secure virtual environment that manages and analyzes objects submitted by integrated products and administrators. During analysis, Virtual Analyzer rates the characteristics in context and then assigns a risk level to the object based on the accumulated ratings.
Virtual Analyzer Sensors	A collection of utilities that execute and detect malware, and record all behavior in Virtual Analyzer.
Virtual Machine Disk (*.vmdk)	A file format used in virtual machines like VMware Workstation or Oracle VM VirtualBox.

Chapter 2

OVA File Creation Using New Virtual Machine Images

Learn how to create a Virtual Analyzer-supported OVA file in the following topics:

- *Downloading and Installing VirtualBox on page 2-5*
- *Creating Virtual Machine Images on page 2-6*
- *Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment on page 2-24*
- *Reducing the Size of VirtualBox Disk Images on page 2-32*
- *Exporting Virtual Machine Images to OVA Files on page 2-33*

Creating OVA Files Using New Virtual Machine Images

Procedure

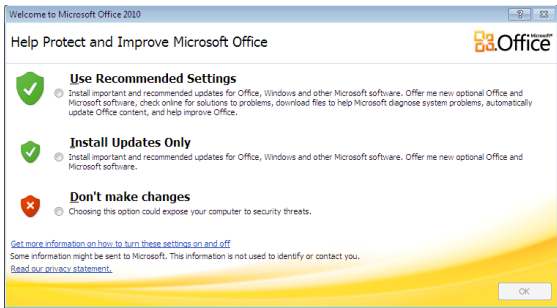
1. Prepare the operating system and required applications.
For details, see [Required Software on page 2-2](#).
 2. Download and install VirtualBox.
For details, see [Downloading and Installing VirtualBox on page 2-5](#).
 3. Create a virtual machine image.
For details, see [Creating Virtual Machine Images on page 2-6](#).
 4. Modify the environment of the virtual machine image.
For details, see [Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment on page 2-24](#).
 5. Reduce the size of the VirtualBox Disk Image.
For details, see [Reducing the Size of VirtualBox Disk Images on page 2-32](#).
 6. Export the virtual machine image to an OVA file.
For details, see [Exporting Virtual Machine Images to OVA Files on page 2-33](#).
-

Required Software

The following software must be installed on the virtual machine to achieve satisfactory detection results.

TABLE 2-1. Required Applications

SOFTWARE	DESCRIPTION
Operating system	Virtual Analyzer supports the following operating systems: • Windows XP • Windows 7 • Windows 8/8.1 • Windows 10 • Windows Server 2003/2003 R2 • Windows Server 2008/2008 R2 • Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 • Windows Server 2016  Important • Package the installer as an ISO file. • Activate Windows with a valid product key after the Virtual Analyzer Image Preparation Tool has validated and modified virtual machine settings. Do not activate Windows before that. • Use a computer name that reflects your organizations' naming scheme. • Disable automatic updates. • Trend Micro recommends using the English version of the listed operating systems.

SOFTWARE	DESCRIPTION
Microsoft Office	Virtual Analyzer supports the following versions: • 2003 (32-bit) • 2007 (32-bit) • 2010 (32-bit and 64-bit) • 2013 (32-bit and 64-bit) • 2016 (32-bit and 64-bit) • 365 (32-bit and 64-bit)  Important • Activate Microsoft Office with a valid product key after the Virtual Analyzer Image Preparation Tool has validated and modified virtual machine settings. Do not activate Microsoft Office before that. • After installation, open all Microsoft Office applications and verify that the main editing screen is displayed. If any confirmation dialog or welcome screen displays, make any selection to close the screen and display the main editing screen.  FIGURE 2-1. Help Protect and Improve Microsoft Office • Verify that your license allows you to virtualize the applications. For details, see https://support.office.com. • Disable automatic updates. • Enable macros. For details, see Enable or disable macros in Office files

SOFTWARE	DESCRIPTION
Adobe Reader	Install the version of Adobe Reader that is most widely used in your organization. To download the most current version of Adobe Reader, go to http://www.adobe.com/downloads/. If you do not install Adobe Reader, Virtual Analyzer: • Installs Adobe Reader 8, 9, and 11 on all Windows XP and Windows Server 2003/2003 R2 images during importing. • Installs Adobe Reader 9, 11, and DC on all Windows 7 and newer images during import. • Uses all versions during analysis.  WARNING! This consumes additional computing resources. • Installs .NET Framework 3.5 or later if the operating system is Windows XP or Windows Server 2003. Configure Adobe Reader to manually check for and install updates. For details, see https://helpx.adobe.com/acrobat/kb/reader-acrobat-updater-settings.html.

**Important**

Do not install VMware tools to avoid triggering the anti-virtual machine functions of some malware.

Downloading and Installing VirtualBox

Procedure

1. Download the latest version of VirtualBox from <https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads>.

**Note**

The VirtualBox Open Source Edition is licensed under the GPL V2. The full text of the license is available at <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/gpl-2.0.html>.

2. Configure the language settings using one of the following methods:
 - Install VirtualBox with English as the default language.
 - After installation, go to **File > Preferences > Language** and then select **English**.

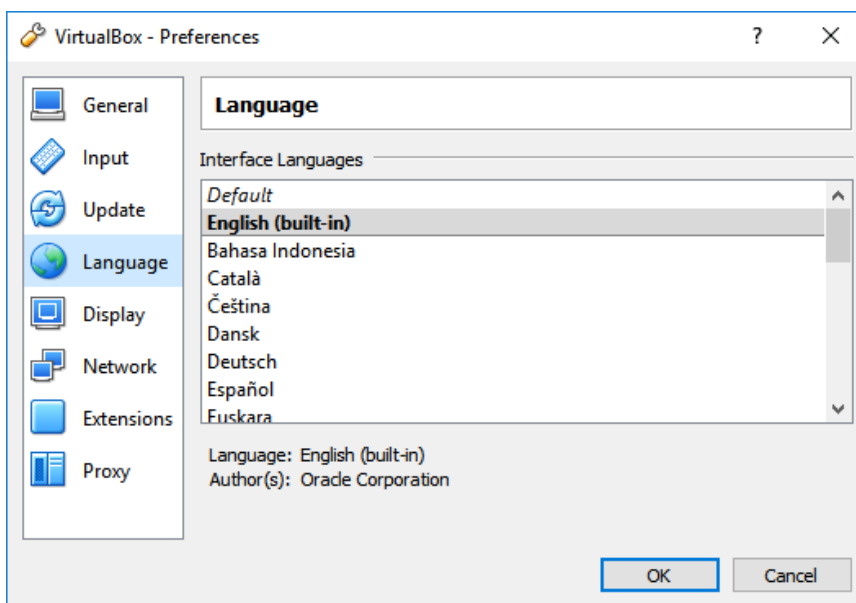


FIGURE 2-2. Language Settings

Creating Virtual Machine Images

Procedure

1. Open VirtualBox.

The **VirtualBox Manager** window opens.

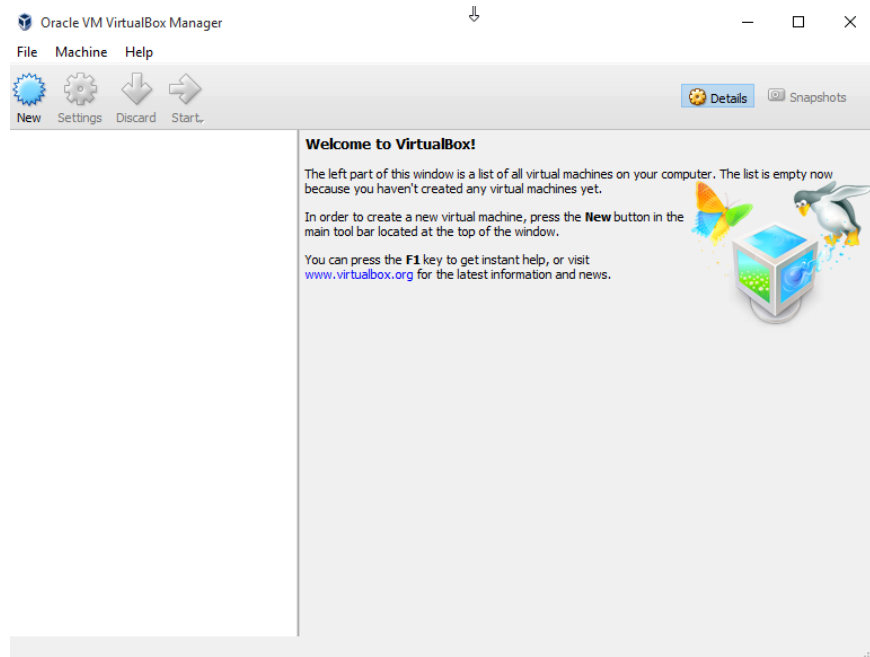


FIGURE 2-3. VirtualBox Manager

2. Click **New**.

The **Create Virtual Machine** window opens.

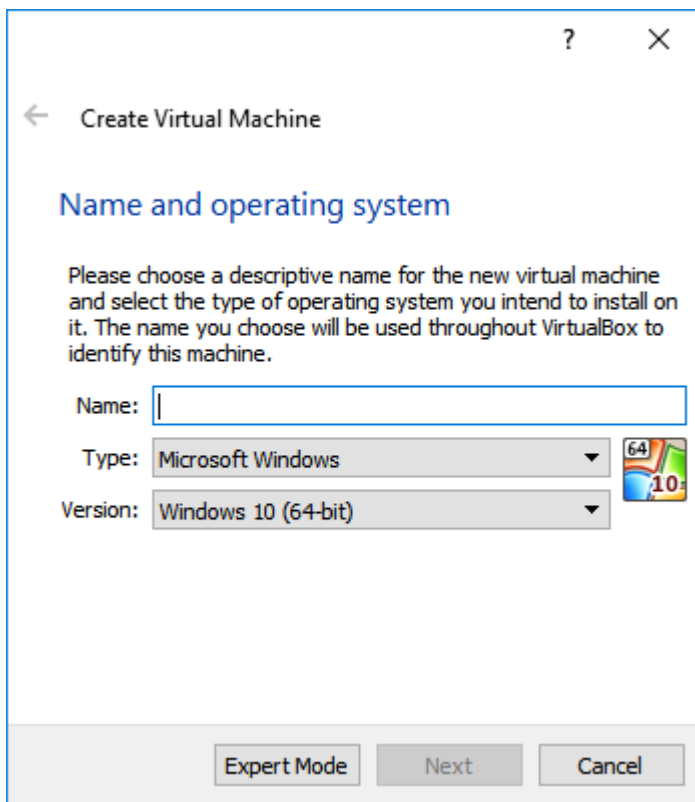


FIGURE 2-4. Create Virtual Machine

3. On the **Name and operating system** screen, configure the following:
 - **Name:** Type a permanent name for the virtual machine.
 - **Type:** Select **Microsoft Windows**.
 - **Version:** Select **Windows XP**, **Windows 2003**, **Windows 7**, **Windows 8**, **Windows 8.1**, **Windows 10**, **Windows 2008/2008 R2**, **Windows 2012/2012 R2** or **Windows 2016**.

4. Click **Next**.

The **Memory size** screen appears.

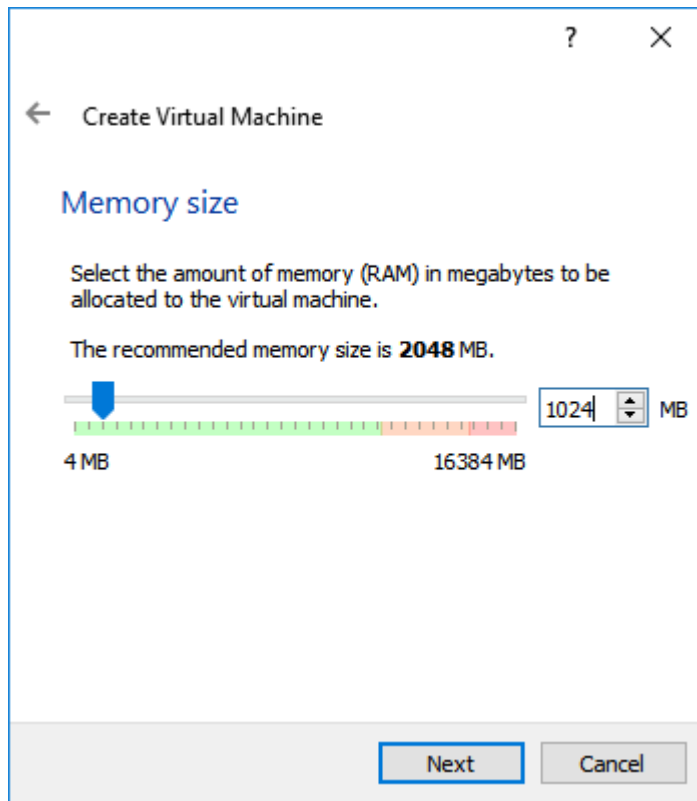


FIGURE 2-5. Memory Size

5. Specify the recommended memory size for your operating system.
 - Windows XP and Windows Server 2003: 512 MB
 - Windows 7/8/8.1/10, Windows Server 2008/2008 R2, Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016: 1024 MB
6. Click **Next**.

The **Hard disk** screen appears.

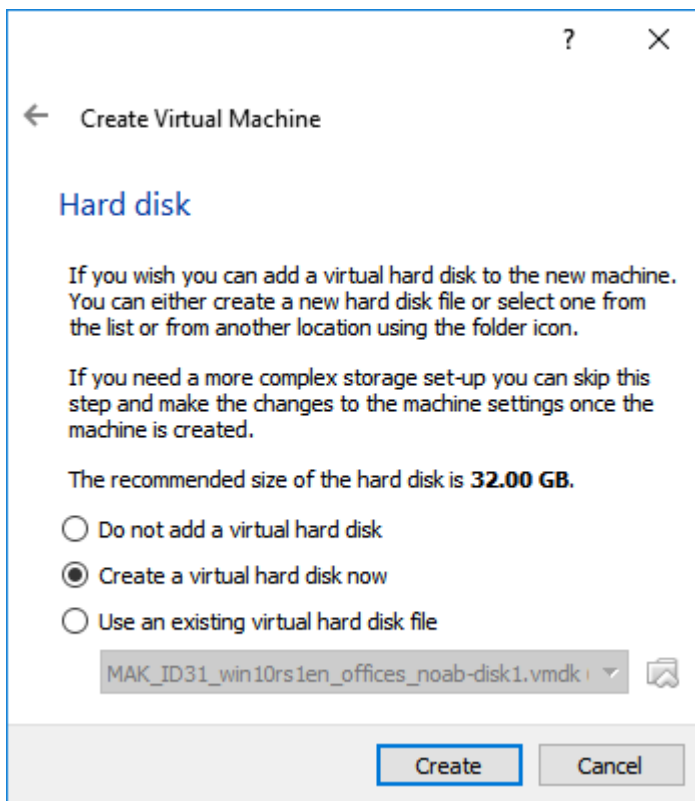


FIGURE 2-6. Hard Disk

7. Select **Create a virtual hard disk now** and then click **Create**.

The **Hard disk file type** screen appears.

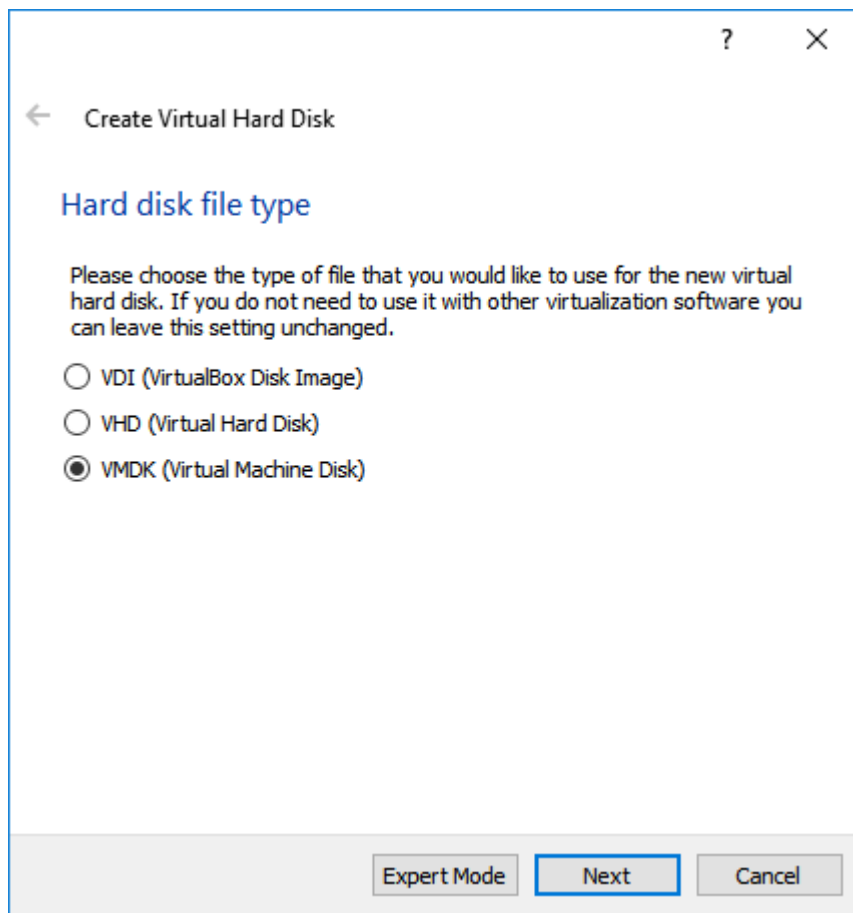


FIGURE 2-7. Hard Disk File Type

8. Select **VDI (VirtualBox Disk Image)** or **VMDK (Virtual Machine Disk)** and then click **Next**.

The **Storage on physical hard disk** screen appears.

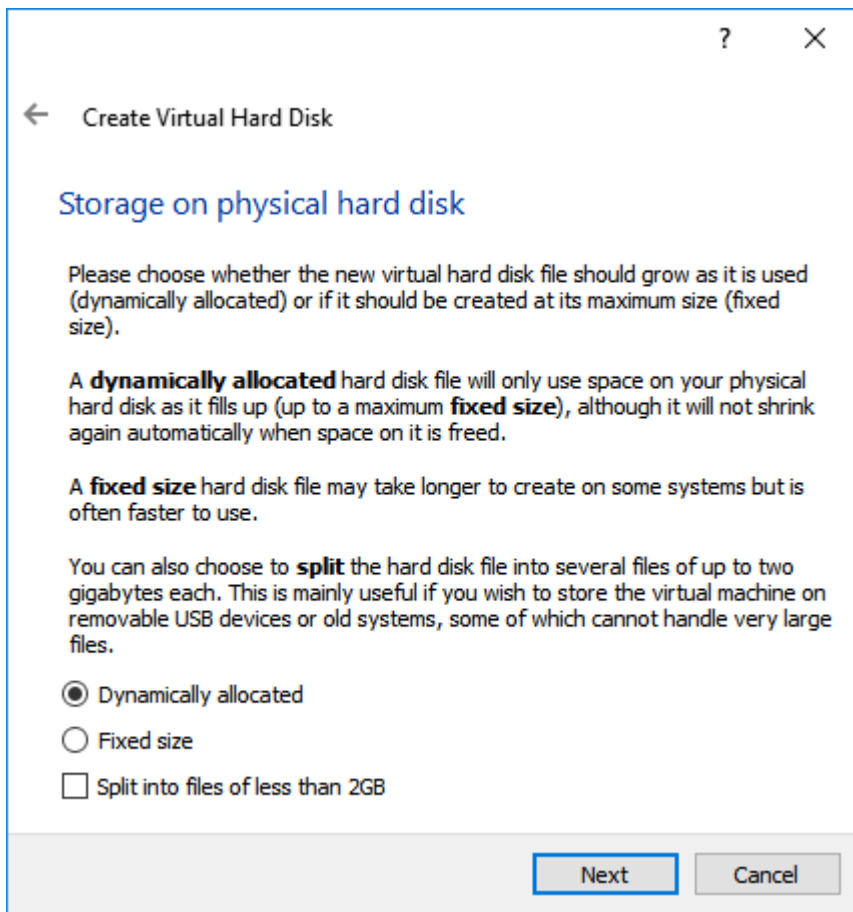


FIGURE 2-8. Storage on Physical Hard Disk

9. Select **Dynamically allocated** and then click **Next**.



Important

Do not select **Fixed size** or **Split into files of less than 2GB**.

The **File location and size** screen appears.

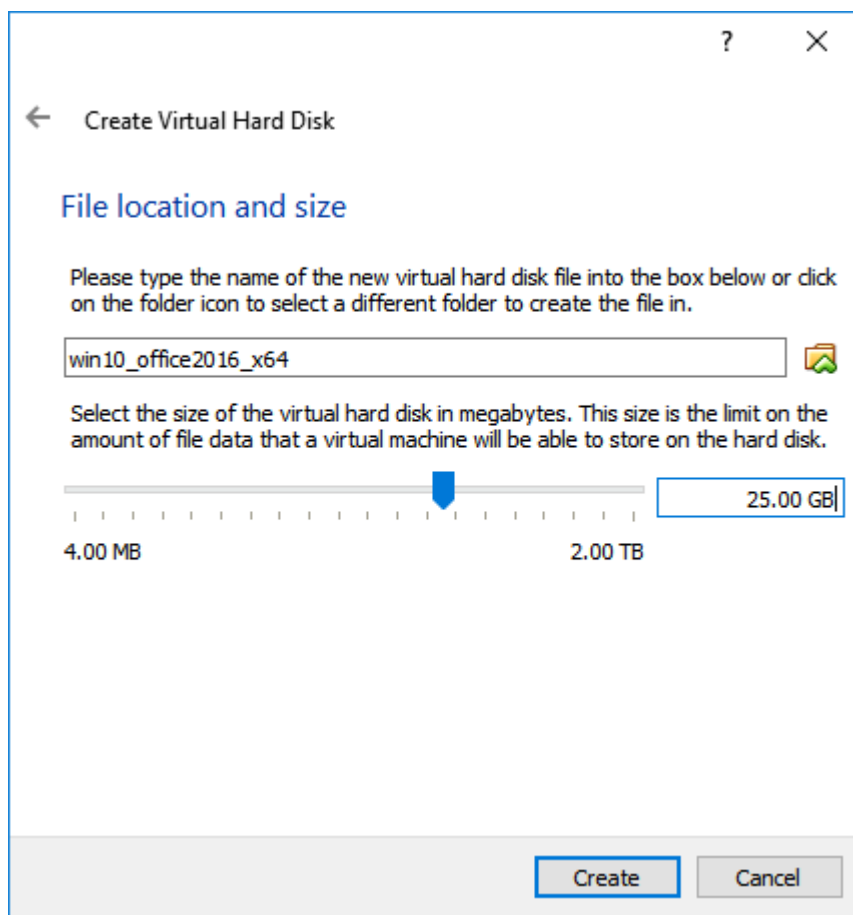


FIGURE 2-9. File Location and Size

10. (Optional) Click the folder icon to change the path of the virtual disk file.
11. Specify the recommended virtual disk size for your operating system.
 - Windows XP and Windows Server 2003: 15 GB

- Windows 7/8/8.1/10, Windows Server 2008/2008 R2, Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016: 25 GB

12. Click **Create**.

VirtualBox creates the virtual machine. The new virtual machine appears in the left pane of the VirtualBox Manager screen.

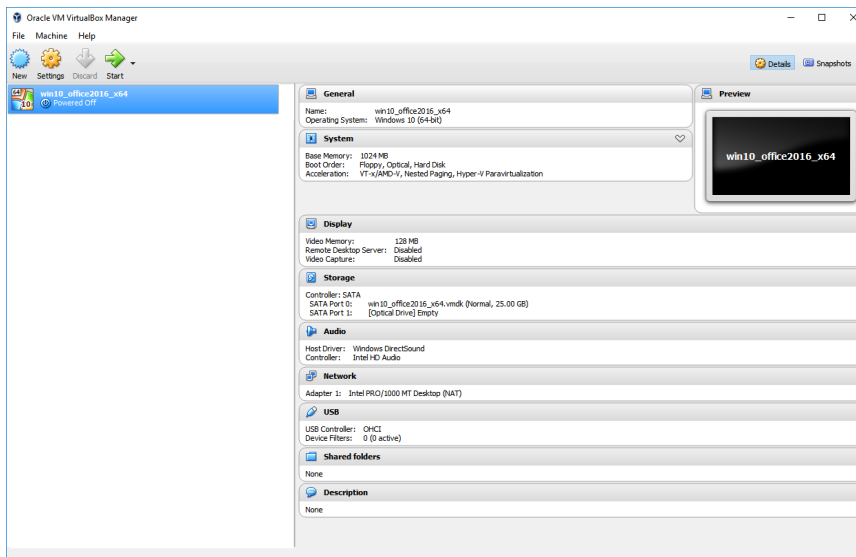


FIGURE 2-10. Newly-created Virtual Machine

13. Click **Settings**.

The **Settings** window opens.

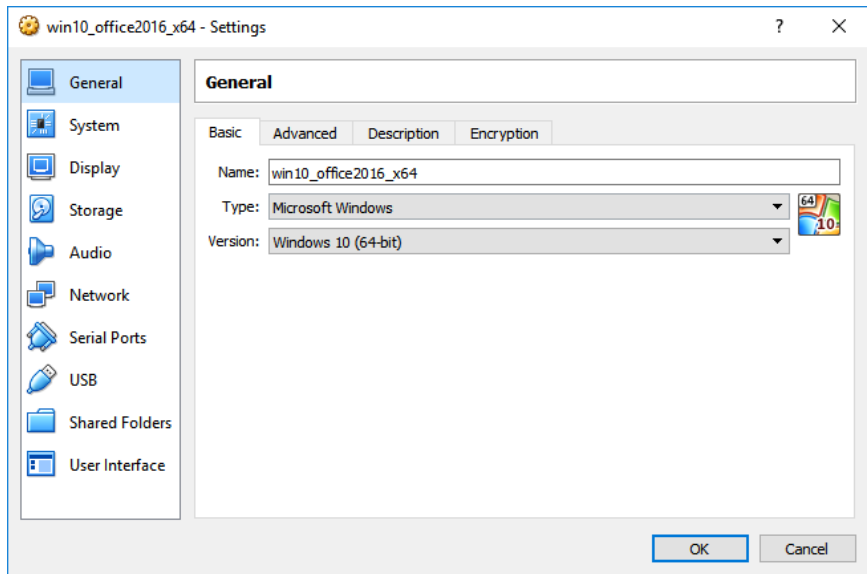


FIGURE 2-11. VirtualBox Settings

14. In the left pane, click **System**.

The **System** screen appears.

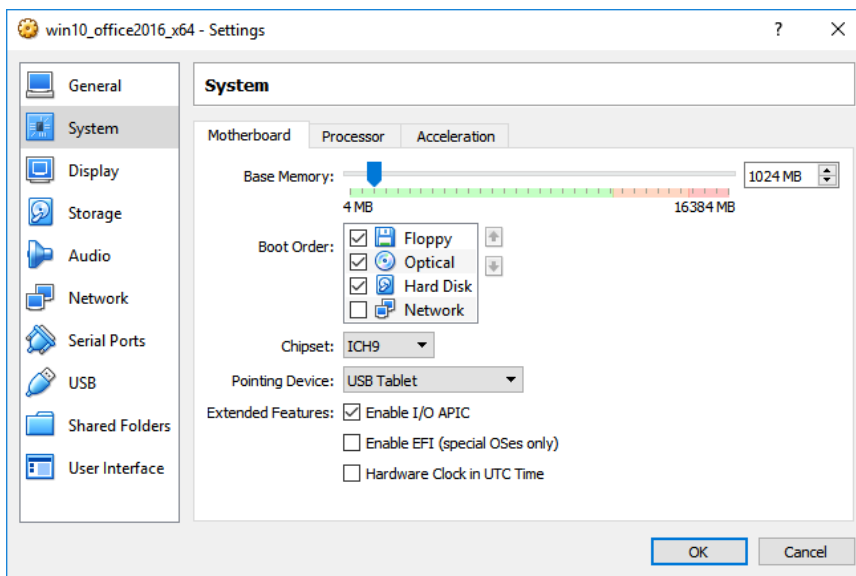


FIGURE 2-12. System Screen

15. On the **Motherboard** tab, configure the following:
 - **Chipset:** Select **ICH9**
 - **Pointing Device:** Select **USB Tablet**
 - **Extended Features:** Select **Enable I/O APIC**
16. Go to the **Processor** tab and then select **Enable PAE/NX**.
17. Go to the **Acceleration** tab and then select **Enable VT-x/AMD-V** and **Enable Nested Paging**.

 Note

The **Acceleration** tab is only available if the processor of the host system supports virtualization technology and the virtualization setting is enabled in the BIOS of the host system.

18. In the left pane, click **Storage**.

The **Storage** screen appears.

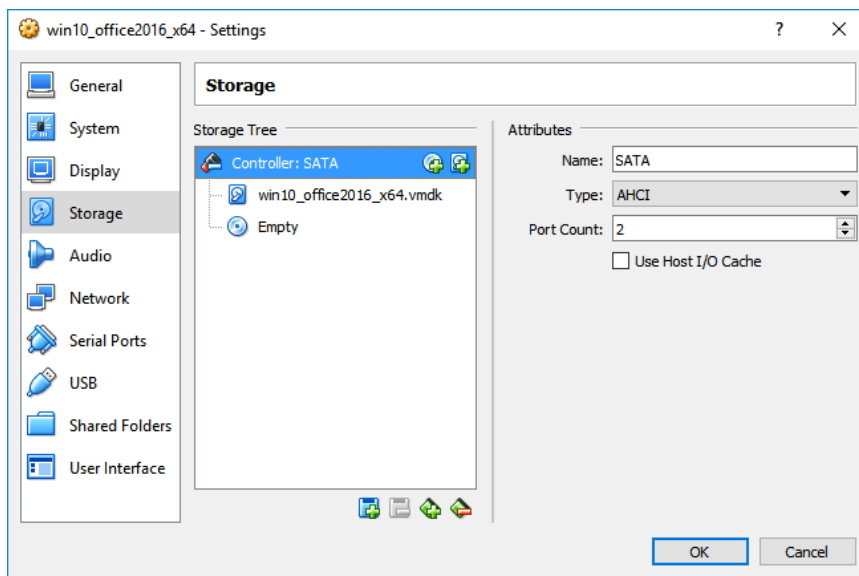


FIGURE 2-13. Storage Screen

19. (Optional) If **Controller: SATA** appears under **Storage Tree**, remove the SATA controller and then add the virtual hard drive to the IDE controller.
 - a. Click **Controller: SATA** and then click  to remove the default controller.
 - b. Click **Controller: IDE** and then click .

The following message appears:

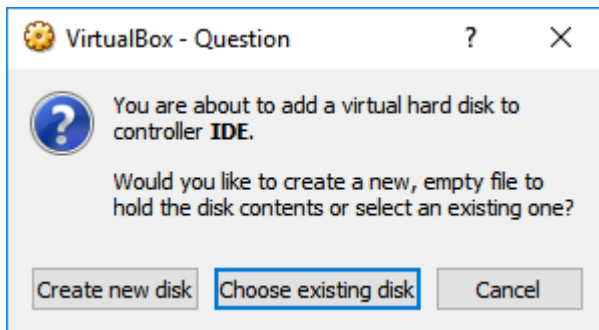


FIGURE 2-14. Choose Existing Disk

- c. Click **Choose existing disk** and then select the virtual hard disk file that you previously created.
- d. Under **Attributes**, retain all default settings.
- e. Under **Storage Tree**, click **Controller: IDE** and then click the empty optical drive icon.
- f. Under **Attributes**, verify that **CD/DVD Drive** is **IDE Secondary Master**.

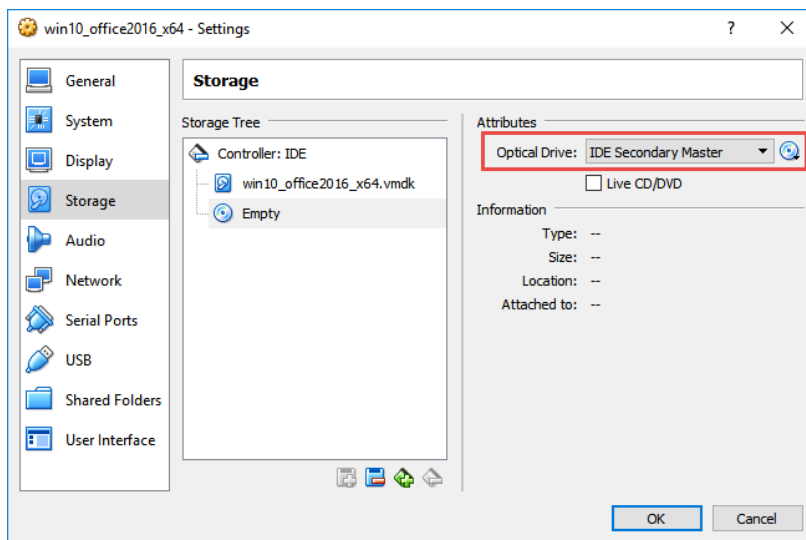


FIGURE 2-15. IDE Secondary Master

20. Under **Attributes**, click , and then select **Choose a virtual CD/DVD disk file...**
21. Select the ISO file containing the operating system installer.
The ISO file is available as a device.
22. (Optional) In the left pane, click **Audio** and verify that **Enable Audio** is enabled.

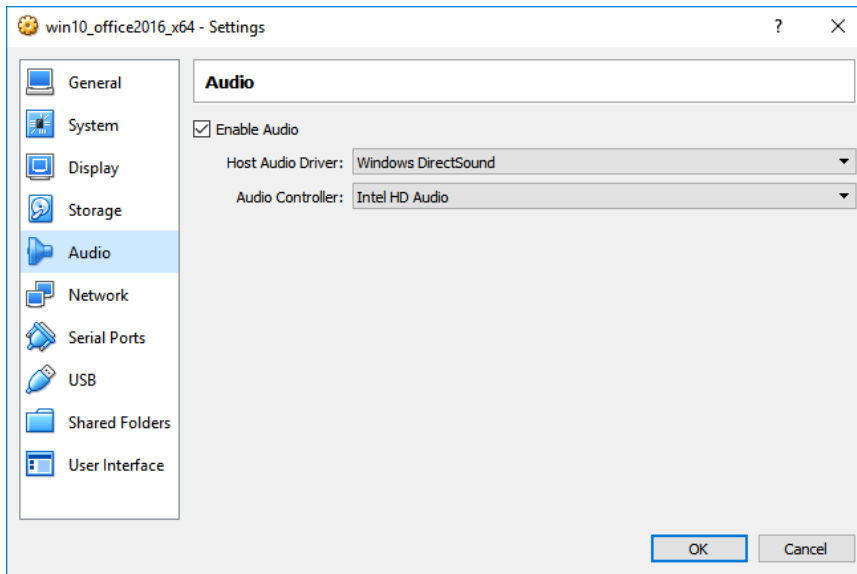


FIGURE 2-16. Audio Options Settings

23. In the left pane, click **USB** and then select **Enable USB Controller**.



Important

Verify that **USB 1.1 (OHCI) Controller** is selected.

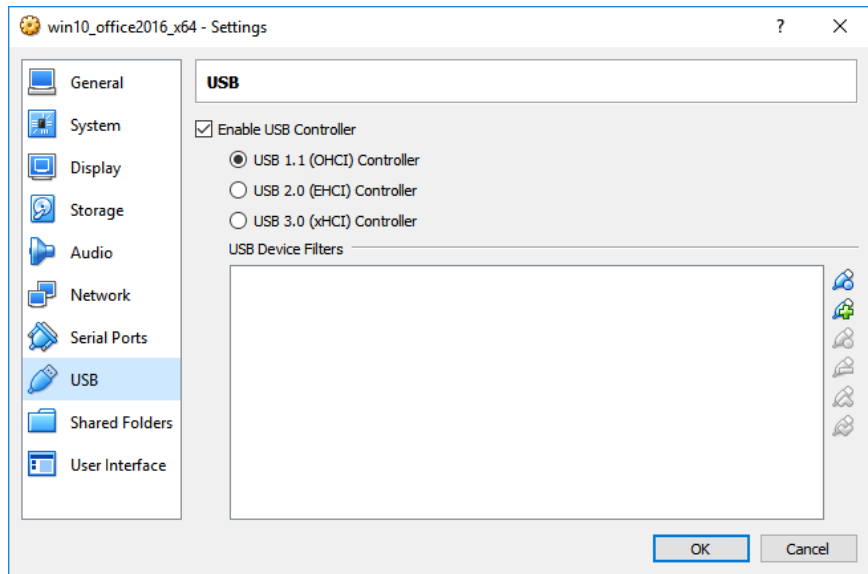


FIGURE 2-17. Enable USB Controller

24. In the left pane, click **Shared Folders** and then verify that no folders are shared.

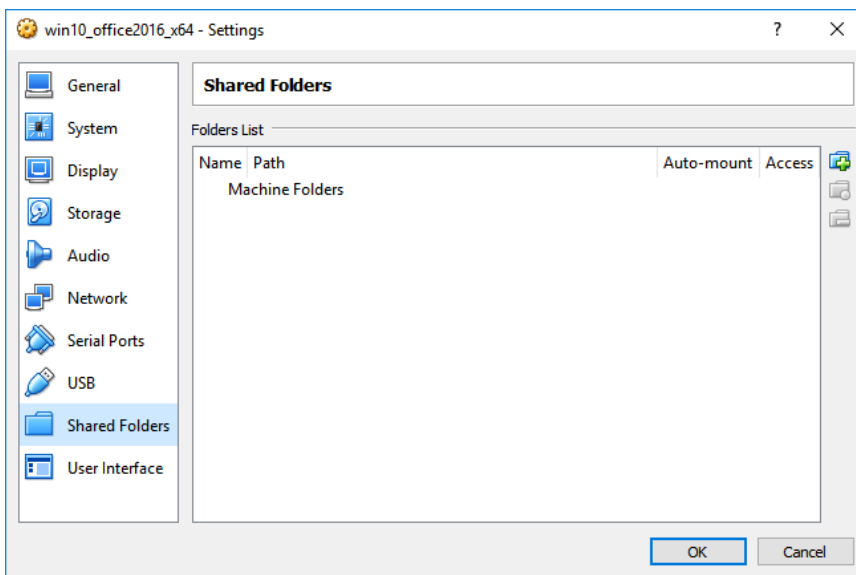


FIGURE 2-18. Shared Folders Settings

25. Click **OK**.

The **Settings** window closes.

26. On the **VirtualBox Manager** screen, click  to power on the image.

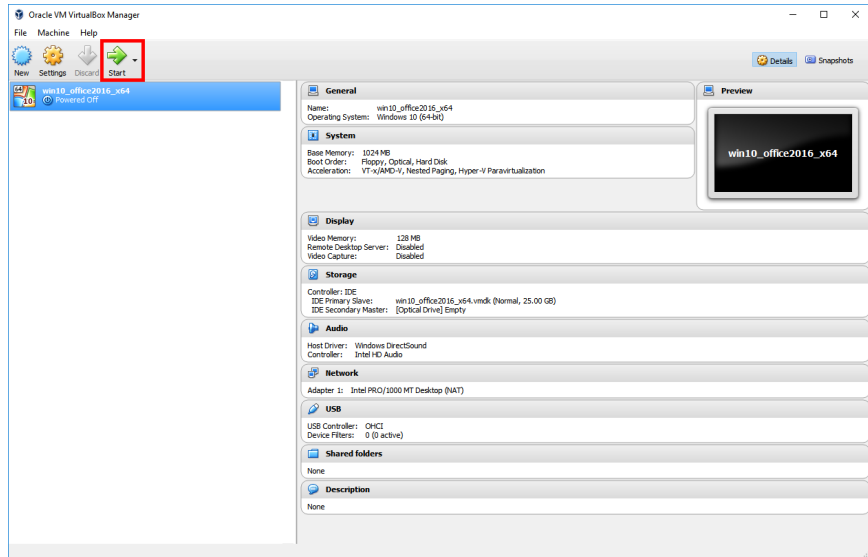


FIGURE 2-19. VirtualBox Manager

The installation process starts.

27. Follow the on-screen instructions to install the guest operating system.

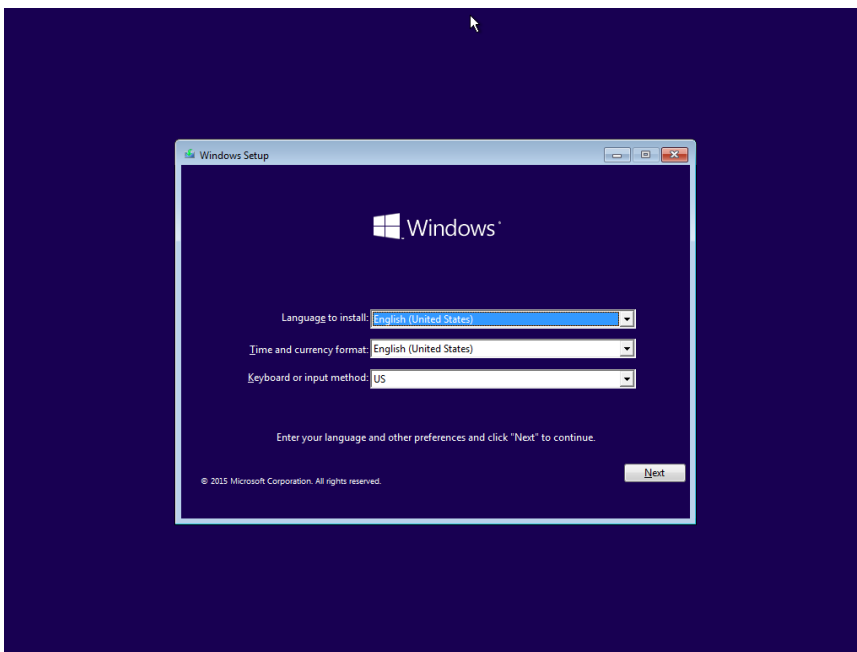


FIGURE 2-20. Operating System Installation Process

28. Install Microsoft Office and other software to achieve satisfactory detection results.
-

Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment

Modify the virtual machine environment to run Virtual Analyzer Sensors, a collection of utilities that execute and detect malware, and record all behavior in Virtual Analyzer.

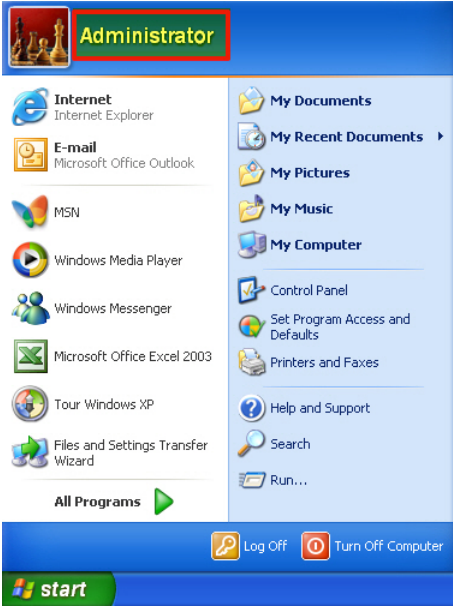
- *Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment (Windows XP and Windows Server 2003) on page 2-25*
- *Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment (Windows 7/8/8.1/10, Windows Server 2008/2008 R2, Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016) on page 2-27*

Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment (Windows XP and Windows Server 2003)

Procedure

1. Open a Command Prompt window (`cmd.exe`) using an account with administrator privileges.
2. Perform the following tasks:

TASK	STEPS
Set the "Administrator" logon password to "1111".	Type <code>net user "Administrator" 1111.</code>
Configure automatic logon from the "Administrator" account.  Note The logon prompt is bypassed and the "Administrator" account is automatically used to log on to the system every time the virtual machine starts.	a. Type the following commands: • <code>REG ADD "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon" /v DefaultUserName /t REG_SZ /d Administrator /f</code> • <code>REG ADD "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon" /v DefaultPassword /t REG_SZ /d 1111 /f</code> • <code>REG ADD "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon" /v AutoAdminLogon /t REG_SZ /d 1 /f</code> b. Restart the image.

TASK	STEPS
	 Note No logon prompt is displayed and the “Administrator” account is automatically used to log on.  FIGURE 2-21. Windows XP Administrator Account
View all user accounts.	Type <code>net user.</code>
Delete non-built-in user accounts one at a time.	Type <code>net user "<username>" /delete.</code> Example: <code>net user "test" /delete</code>
View all network adapters with an active link	Type <code>wmic nic where "netconnectionstatus=2" get netconnectionid /value.</code>

TASK	STEPS
	Example output: <code>NetConnctionID=Local Area Connection</code>
Verify the DHCP status of all installed network adapters	Type <code>netsh interface ip show config</code> . The configuration of all installed network adapters displays. Verify that the value for <code>DHCP enabled:</code> is <code>Yes</code> .
Configure a network adapter to use DHCP	Type <code>netsh interface ip set address name="<network adapter>" dhcp</code> . Example: <code>netsh interface ip set address name="Local Area Connection" dhcp</code>
Disable Windows Firewall.	Type <code>netsh firewall set opmode mode=DISABLE</code> .  Note Windows Firewall slows down the installation of Virtual Analyzer Sensors.

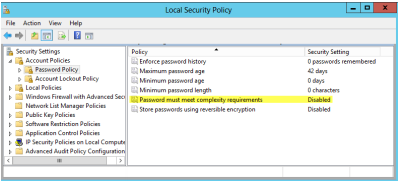
- Restart the virtual machine.

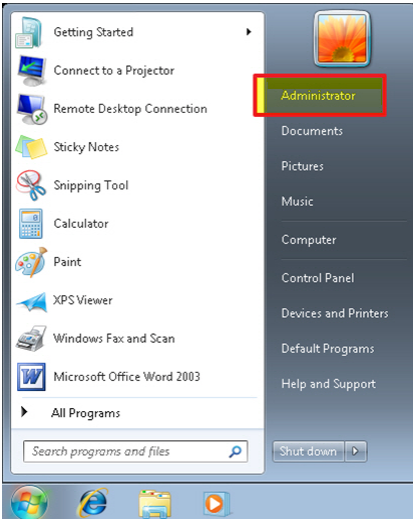
Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment (Windows 7/8/8.1/10, Windows Server 2008/2008 R2, Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016)

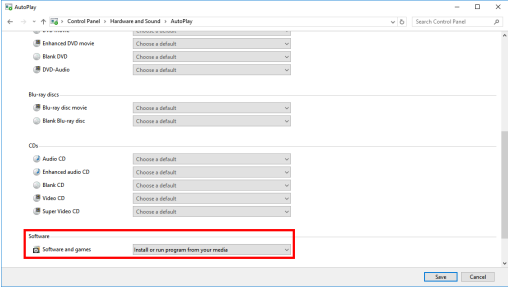
Procedure

- Open a Command Prompt window (`cmd.exe`) using an account with administrator privileges.
- Perform the following tasks:

TASK	STEPS
Enable the "Administrator" account.	Type <code>net user "Administrator" /active:yes.</code>
Set the logon password for the "Administrator" account to "1111".	Type <code>net user "Administrator" 1111.</code>
Configure automatic logon from the administrator account.  Note Each time the image starts, the logon prompt is bypassed and the "Administrator" account is automatically used to log on to the system.	a. Type the following commands: • <code>REG ADD "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon" /v DefaultUserName /t REG_SZ /d Administrator /f</code> • <code>REG ADD "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon" /v DefaultPassword /t REG_SZ /d 1111 /f</code> • <code>REG ADD "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon" /v AutoAdminLogon /t REG_SZ /d 1 /f</code>

Task	Steps
	 Note In Windows Server 2008/2008 R2, Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016, launch the Local Security Policy snap-in (<code>secpol.msc</code>) to disable the Password must meet complexity requirements Local Security Setting.  FIGURE 2-22. Disable Password must meet complexity requirements Restart the image.

Task	Steps
	No logon prompt is displayed and the “Administrator” account is automatically used to log on.  FIGURE 2-23. Windows 7 Administrator Account
View all user accounts.	Type <code>net user</code> .
Delete non-built-in user accounts one at a time.	Type <code>net user "<username>" /delete</code> . Example: <code>net user "test" /delete</code>
View all network adapters with an active link	Type <code>wmic nic where "netconnectionstatus=2" get netconnectionid /value</code> . Example output: <code>NetConnctionID=Local Area Connection</code>
Verify the DHCP status of all installed network adapters	Type <code>netsh interface ip show config</code> .

Task	Steps
	The configuration of all installed network adapters displays. Verify that the value for <code>DHCP enabled</code> : is Yes .
Configure a network adapter to use DHCP	Type <code>netsh interface ip set address name="<network adapter>" dhcp</code> . Example: <code>netsh interface ip set address name="Local Area Connection" dhcp</code>
Configure AutoPlay	a. Go to Control Panel > AutoPlay.  FIGURE 2-24. AutoPlay b. For Software and games, select Install or run program from your media. c. Click Save.
Disable Windows Firewall.	Type <code>netsh advfirewall set allprofiles state off</code> .  Note Windows Firewall slows down the installation of Virtual Analyzer Sensors.

3. Restart the virtual machine.

Reducing the Size of VirtualBox Disk Images

Procedure

1. Uninstall unnecessary applications and optional Windows components.
2. Run **Disk Cleanup** to free up space on the hard disk.

The utility searches for files and data that you can safely delete, including:

- Temporary Windows and Internet files
- ActiveX controls, Java applets, and other downloaded program files
- Files in the Recycle Bin

For details, see the Microsoft Help: <http://windows.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/delete-files-using-disk-cleanup#delete-files-using-disk-cleanup=windows-7>.

3. Use **Deployment Image Servicing and Management (DISM)** to free up space on the hard disk.

DISM is a command-line utility that can be used to free up disk space by managing the Windows Component Store (WinSxS directory).

For details, see the Microsoft Developer resource website: <https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/hardware/commercialize/manufacture/desktop/clean-up-the-winsxs-folder>

- a. Open a Command Prompt window.



Note

Depending on the Windows version, not all of the following commands may be supported.

- b. Type **dism /Online /Cleanup-Image /SPSuperseded**.
 - c. Type **dism /Online /Cleanup-Image /StartComponentCleanup /ResetBase**.
4. Download **SDelete** and then zero out the free space on the hard disk.

SDelete is a free command-line utility that securely deletes existing files and permanently erases file data in unallocated clusters of a disk. The utility can also ensure that even encrypted files cannot be recovered by overwriting all addressable locations with new and random characters.

- a. Download `sdelete.zip` from the Windows Sysinternals website: <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/sysinternals/sdelete.aspx>
- b. Extract `sdelete.exe`.
- c. Open a Command Prompt window.
- d. Go to the folder that contains `sdelete.exe`.
- e. Type **`sdelete -z [drive letter]`**.

SDelete zeroes the free space on the hard disk.

5. Shut down the virtual machine.
6. Open a Command Prompt window on the host system.
7. Type **`"C:\Program Files\Oracle\VirtualBox\VBxManage.exe" modifyhd [path\vm_name.vdi] --compact`**.

The virtual hard disk drive size is reduced.

Exporting Virtual Machine Images to OVA Files

A virtual machine image comprises many uncompressed files. The files must be combined into a single OVA file to avoid issues when importing.

**Important**

Verify that the size of the created OVA file is supported by your product.

TABLE 2-2. Maximum OVA File Size

PRODUCT	VERSION	MAXIMUM FILE SIZE
Deep Discovery Inspector	3.8 and earlier	10 GB
	3.8 Service Pack 1 and later	20 GB
Deep Discovery Analyzer	5.1 and earlier	10 GB
	5.5 and later	20 GB
Deep Discovery Email Inspector	2.1 and earlier	10 GB
	2.5 and later	20 GB
Trend Micro TippingPoint Advanced Threat Protection for Networks	3.8 Service Pack 2 and later	20 GB
Trend Micro TippingPoint Advanced Threat Protection for Email	2.5 and later	20 GB
Trend Micro TippingPoint Advanced Threat Protection Analyzer	5.5 and later	20 GB
Deep Discovery Director	1.1 and later	20 GB
Deep Discovery Web Inspector	2.0 and later	20 GB

Procedure

1. On the VirtualBox Manager screen, power off the virtual machine.

**Note**

Verify that the CD/DVD drive is empty before powering off and exporting.

2. Go to **File > Export Appliance**.

The **Export Virtual Appliance** window appears.

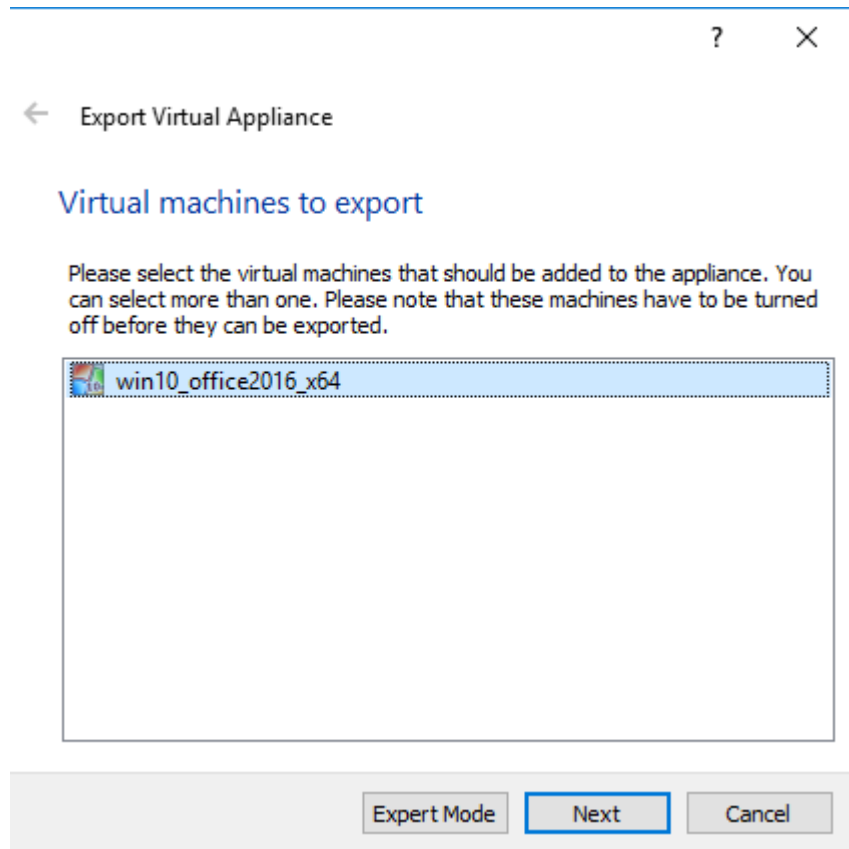
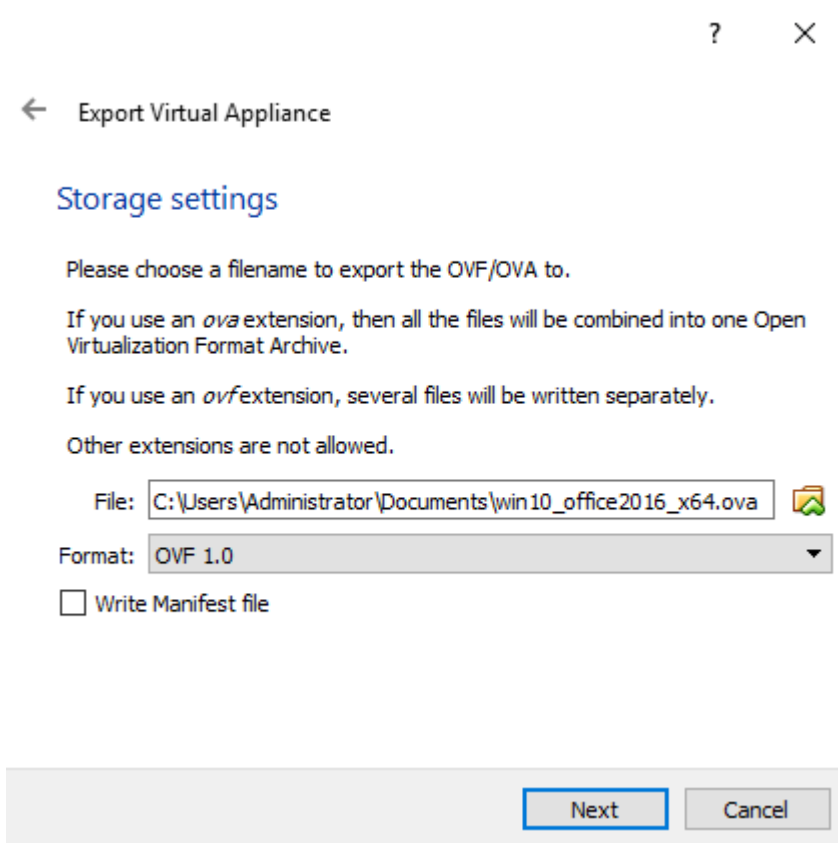


FIGURE 2-25. Export Virtual Appliance

3. Select the virtual machine image to export and click **Next**.

The **Storage settings** screen appears.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Export Virtual Appliance" with a "Storage settings" tab selected. The dialog has a title bar with a question mark and a close button. Below the title bar, there is a back arrow and the text "Export Virtual Appliance". The "Storage settings" section contains the following text: "Please choose a filename to export the OVF/OVA to.", "If you use an *ova* extension, then all the files will be combined into one Open Virtualization Format Archive.", "If you use an *ovf* extension, several files will be written separately.", and "Other extensions are not allowed." Below this text, there is a "File:" label followed by a text box containing "C:\Users\Administrator\Documents\win10_office2016_x64.ova" and a file selection icon. Below the text box is a "Format:" label followed by a dropdown menu showing "OVF 1.0". At the bottom left, there is a checkbox labeled "Write Manifest file". At the bottom right, there are "Next" and "Cancel" buttons.

Export Virtual Appliance

Storage settings

Please choose a filename to export the OVF/OVA to.

If you use an *ova* extension, then all the files will be combined into one Open Virtualization Format Archive.

If you use an *ovf* extension, several files will be written separately.

Other extensions are not allowed.

File: C:\Users\Administrator\Documents\win10_office2016_x64.ova

Format: OVF 1.0

☐ Write Manifest file

Next Cancel

FIGURE 2-26. Storage settings

4. Configure the following:
 - **File:** Accept the default name and path or click  to select a different file.
 - **Format:** Select **OVF 1.0**.

**Important**

Format options include OVF 0.9, 1.0 and 2.0. Virtual Analyzer does not support OVF 2.0.

5. Click **Next**.

The **Appliance settings** screen appears.

← Export Virtual Appliance

Appliance settings

This is the descriptive information which will be added to the virtual appliance. You can change it by double clicking on individual lines.

Description	Configuration
Virtual System 1	
Name	win10_office2016_x64
Product	
Product-URL	
Vendor	
Vendor-URL	
Version	
Description	

Restore Defaults Export Cancel

FIGURE 2-27. Appliance settings

6. Verify that the **License** field is empty and then click **Export**.

VirtualBox creates the OVA file.

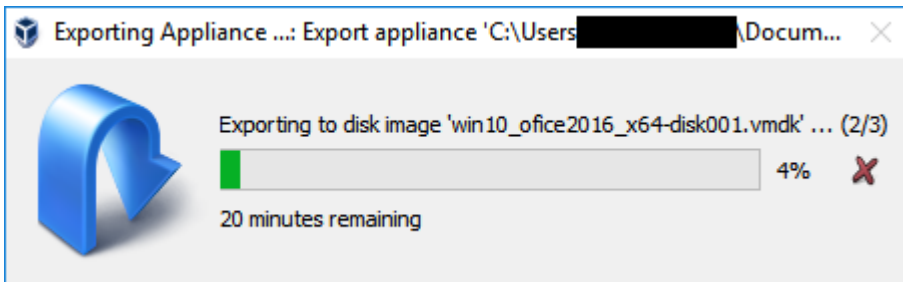


FIGURE 2-28. Disk Image Export Progress Bar

Chapter 3

OVA File Creation Using Converted Virtual Hard Disk Drives

Learn how to prepare and import an OVA file in the following topics:

- *Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment on page 3-6*
- *Exporting Virtual Machine Images on page 3-16*
- *Converting VMware ESXi Virtual Hard Disk Drives on page 3-23*
- *Creating Virtual Machine Images Using Converted Virtual Hard Disk Drives on page 3-30*
- *Configuring Virtual Machine Images on page 3-46*
- *Exporting Virtual Machine Images to OVA Files on page 3-51*

Creating OVA Files Using Converted Virtual Hard Disk Drives

Procedure

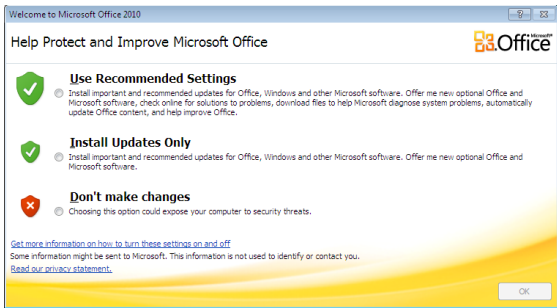
1. Prepare Adobe Reader.
For details, see [Preparing Adobe Reader on page 3-5](#)
 2. Modify the environment of the virtual machine image.
For details, see [Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment on page 3-6](#).
 3. Export the virtual machine image.
For details, see [Exporting Virtual Machine Images on page 3-16](#).
 4. Convert the virtual hard disk drive of the exported image to the VirtualBox format.
For details, see [Converting VMware ESXi Virtual Hard Disk Drives on page 3-23](#).
 5. Create a new virtual machine image using the converted virtual hard disk drive.
For details, see [Creating Virtual Machine Images Using Converted Virtual Hard Disk Drives on page 3-30](#).
 6. Configure the new virtual machine image.
For details, see [Configuring Virtual Machine Images on page 3-46](#).
 7. Export the virtual machine image to an OVA file.
For details, see [Exporting Virtual Machine Images to OVA Files on page 3-51](#).
-

Required Software

The following software must be installed on the virtual machine to achieve satisfactory detection results.

TABLE 3-1. Required Applications

SOFTWARE	DESCRIPTION
Operating system	Virtual Analyzer supports the following operating systems: • Windows XP • Windows 7 • Windows 8/8.1 • Windows 10 • Windows Server 2003/2003 R2 • Windows Server 2008/2008 R2 • Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 • Windows Server 2016  Important • Package the installer as an ISO file. • Activate Windows with a valid product key after the Virtual Analyzer Image Preparation Tool has validated and modified virtual machine settings. Do not activate Windows before that. • Use a computer name that reflects your organizations' naming scheme. • Disable automatic updates. • Trend Micro recommends using the English version of the listed operating systems.

SOFTWARE	DESCRIPTION
Microsoft Office	Virtual Analyzer supports the following versions: • 2003 (32-bit) • 2007 (32-bit) • 2010 (32-bit and 64-bit) • 2013 (32-bit and 64-bit) • 2016 (32-bit and 64-bit) • 365 (32-bit and 64-bit)  Important • Activate Microsoft Office with a valid product key after the Virtual Analyzer Image Preparation Tool has validated and modified virtual machine settings. Do not activate Microsoft Office before that. • After installation, open all Microsoft Office applications and verify that the main editing screen is displayed. If any confirmation dialog or welcome screen displays, make any selection to close the screen and display the main editing screen.  FIGURE 3-1. Help Protect and Improve Microsoft Office • Verify that your license allows you to virtualize the applications. For details, see https://support.office.com. • Disable automatic updates. • Enable macros. For details, see Enable or disable macros in Office files

SOFTWARE	DESCRIPTION
Adobe Reader	Install the version of Adobe Reader that is most widely used in your organization. To download the most current version of Adobe Reader, go to http://www.adobe.com/downloads/. If you do not install Adobe Reader, Virtual Analyzer: • Installs Adobe Reader 8, 9, and 11 on all Windows XP and Windows Server 2003/2003 R2 images during importing. • Installs Adobe Reader 9, 11, and DC on all Windows 7 and newer images during import. • Uses all versions during analysis.  WARNING! This consumes additional computing resources. • Installs .NET Framework 3.5 or later if the operating system is Windows XP or Windows Server 2003. Configure Adobe Reader to manually check for and install updates. For details, see https://helpx.adobe.com/acrobat/kb/reader-acrobat-updater-settings.html.



Important

Do not install VMware tools to avoid triggering the anti-virtual machine functions of some malware.

Preparing Adobe Reader

Perform the following steps if Adobe Reader is installed on the virtual machine.

Procedure

1. Disable automatic updates.

For details, see <http://helpx.adobe.com/acrobat/kb/disable-automaticupdates-acrobat-reader.html>.

2. Install the necessary Adobe Reader language packs so that Virtual Analyzer can process files authored in languages other than those supported in your native Adobe Reader.

For example, if you use the English version of Adobe Reader and you expect to analyze files authored in East Asian languages, install the Asian and Extended Language Pack.

3. Start Adobe Reader.

**Important**

Perform this step before exporting the virtual machine.

Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment

Modify the virtual machine environment to run Virtual Analyzer Sensors, a collection of utilities that execute and detect malware, and record all behavior in Virtual Analyzer.

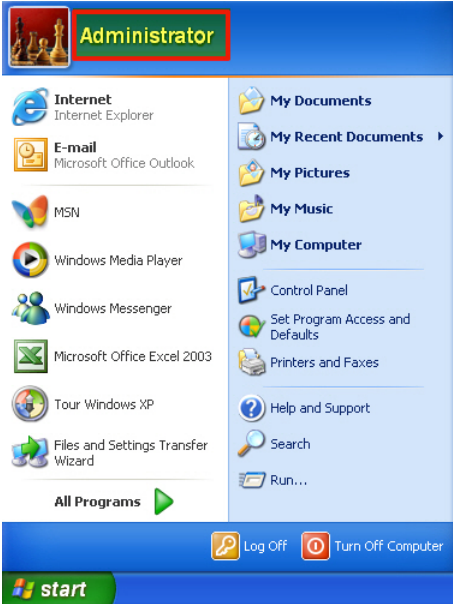
- *[Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment \(Windows XP and Windows Server 2003\) on page 3-6](#)*
- *[Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment \(Windows 7/8/8.1/10, Windows Server 2008/2008 R2, Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016\) on page 3-9](#)*
- *[Uninstalling VMware Tools on page 3-14](#)*

Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment (Windows XP and Windows Server 2003)

Procedure

1. Open a Command Prompt window (`cmd.exe`) using an account with administrator privileges.
2. Perform the following tasks:

TASK	STEPS
Set the "Administrator" logon password to "1111".	Type <code>net user "Administrator" 1111.</code>
Configure automatic logon from the "Administrator" account.  Note The logon prompt is bypassed and the "Administrator" account is automatically used to log on to the system every time the virtual machine starts.	a. Type the following commands: • <code>REG ADD "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon" /v DefaultUserName /t REG_SZ /d Administrator /f</code> • <code>REG ADD "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon" /v DefaultPassword /t REG_SZ /d 1111 /f</code> • <code>REG ADD "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon" /v AutoAdminLogon /t REG_SZ /d 1 /f</code> b. Restart the image.

TASK	STEPS
	 Note No logon prompt is displayed and the “Administrator” account is automatically used to log on.  FIGURE 3-2. Windows XP Administrator Account
View all user accounts.	Type <code>net user.</code>
Delete non-built-in user accounts one at a time.	Type <code>net user "<username>" /delete.</code> Example: <code>net user "test" /delete</code>
View all network adapters with an active link	Type <code>wmic nic where "netconnectionstatus=2" get netconnectionid /value.</code>

TASK	STEPS
	Example output: <code>NetConnctionID=Local Area Connection</code>
Verify the DHCP status of all installed network adapters	Type <code>netsh interface ip show config</code> . The configuration of all installed network adapters displays. Verify that the value for <code>DHCP enabled:</code> is <code>Yes</code> .
Configure a network adapter to use DHCP	Type <code>netsh interface ip set address name="<network adapter>" dhcp</code> . Example: <code>netsh interface ip set address name="Local Area Connection" dhcp</code>
Disable Windows Firewall.	Type <code>netsh firewall set opmode mode=DISABLE</code> .  Note Windows Firewall slows down the installation of Virtual Analyzer Sensors.
Uninstall VMware Tools.	For details, see Uninstalling VMware Tools on page 3-14 .

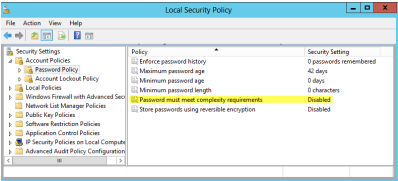
- Restart the virtual machine.

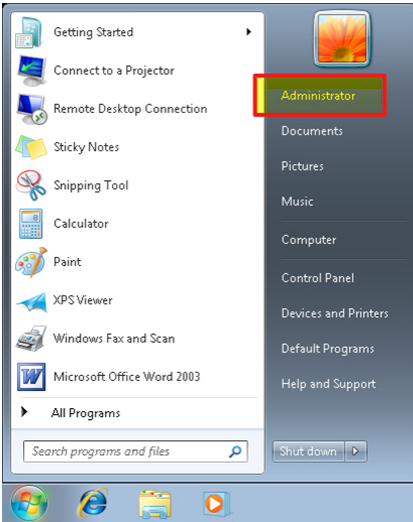
Modifying the Virtual Machine Environment (Windows 7/8/8.1/10, Windows Server 2008/2008 R2, Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016)

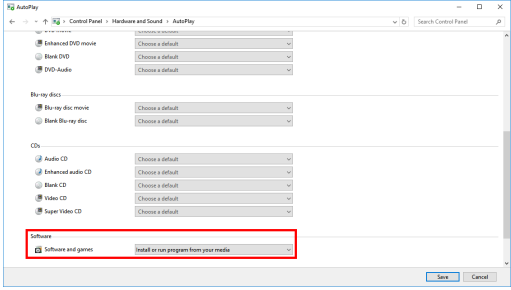
Procedure

- Open a Command Prompt window (`cmd.exe`) using an account with administrator privileges.
- Perform the following tasks:

TASK	STEPS
Enable the "Administrator" account.	Type <code>net user "Administrator" /active:yes.</code>
Set the logon password for the "Administrator" account to "1111".	Type <code>net user "Administrator" 1111.</code>
Configure automatic logon from the administrator account.  Note Each time the image starts, the logon prompt is bypassed and the "Administrator" account is automatically used to log on to the system.	a. Type the following commands: • <code>REG ADD "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon" /v DefaultUserName /t REG_SZ /d Administrator /f</code> • <code>REG ADD "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon" /v DefaultPassword /t REG_SZ /d 1111 /f</code> • <code>REG ADD "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon" /v AutoAdminLogon /t REG_SZ /d 1 /f</code>

Task	Steps
	 Note In Windows Server 2008/2008 R2, Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016, launch the Local Security Policy snap-in (<code>secpol.msc</code>) to disable the Password must meet complexity requirements Local Security Setting.  FIGURE 3-3. Disable Password must meet complexity requirements Restart the image.

Task	Steps
	No logon prompt is displayed and the “Administrator” account is automatically used to log on.  The screenshot shows the Windows 7 Start menu. On the left, a list of applications is visible, including 'Getting Started', 'Connect to a Projector', 'Remote Desktop Connection', 'Sticky Notes', 'Snipping Tool', 'Calculator', 'Paint', 'XPS Viewer', 'Windows Fax and Scan', and 'Microsoft Office Word 2003'. On the right, a vertical list of system folders is shown, including 'Documents', 'Pictures', 'Music', 'Computer', 'Control Panel', 'Devices and Printers', 'Default Programs', and 'Help and Support'. The 'Administrator' account name is highlighted in a red box at the top of the right-hand list, next to a small orange square icon. At the bottom of the Start menu, there is a search bar labeled 'Search programs and files' and a 'Shut down' button. FIGURE 3-4. Windows 7 Administrator Account
View all user accounts.	Type <code>net user</code> .
Delete non-built-in user accounts one at a time.	Type <code>net user "<username>" /delete</code> . Example: <code>net user "test" /delete</code>
View all network adapters with an active link	Type <code>wmic nic where "netconnectionstatus=2" get netconnectionid /value</code> . Example output: <code>NetConnctionID=Local Area Connection</code>
Verify the DHCP status of all installed network adapters	Type <code>netsh interface ip show config</code> .

TASK	STEPS
	The configuration of all installed network adapters displays. Verify that the value for DHCP enabled: is Yes .
Configure a network adapter to use DHCP	Type <code>netsh interface ip set address name="<network adapter>" dhcp</code> . Example: <code>netsh interface ip set address name="Local Area Connection" dhcp</code>
Configure AutoPlay	a. Go to Control Panel > AutoPlay.  FIGURE 3-5. AutoPlay b. For Software and games, select Install or run program from your media. c. Click Save.
Disable Windows Firewall.	Type <code>netsh advfirewall set allprofiles state off</code>.  Note Windows Firewall slows down the installation of Virtual Analyzer Sensors.
Uninstall VMware Tools.	For details, see Uninstalling VMware Tools on page 3-14 .

3. Restart the virtual machine.
-

Uninstalling VMware Tools

VMware Tools will attempt to connect to a VMware ESXi host, which might prevent VirtualBox from importing the virtual machine image.

Procedure

1. Go to **Start > Control Panel**.

The **Control Panel** screen appears.

2. Check the list of installed programs.
 - Windows XP and Windows Server 2003: Click **Add or Remove Programs**.
 - Windows 7/8/8.1/10, Windows Server 2008/2008 R2, Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016: Click **Programs and Features**.

A list of installed programs appears.

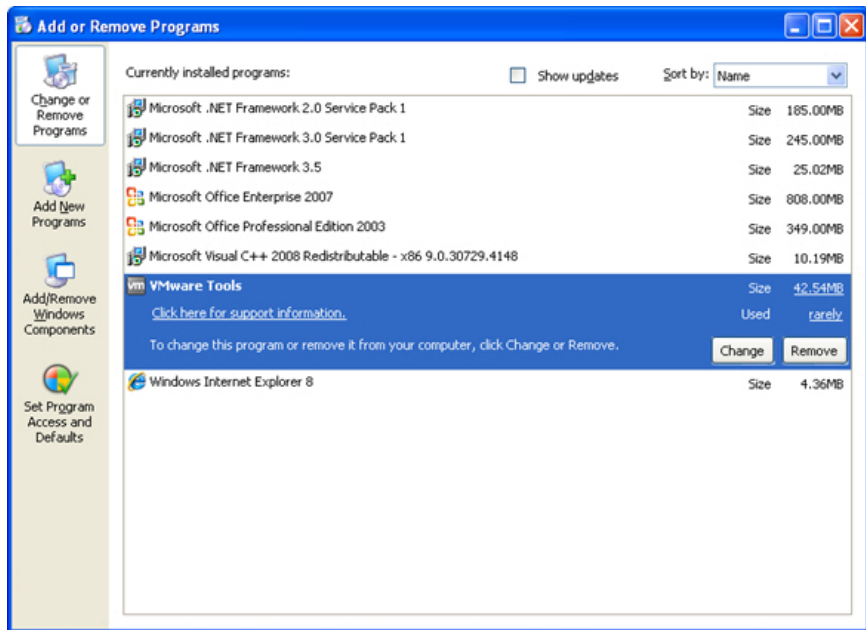


FIGURE 3-6. Add or Remove Programs (Windows XP)

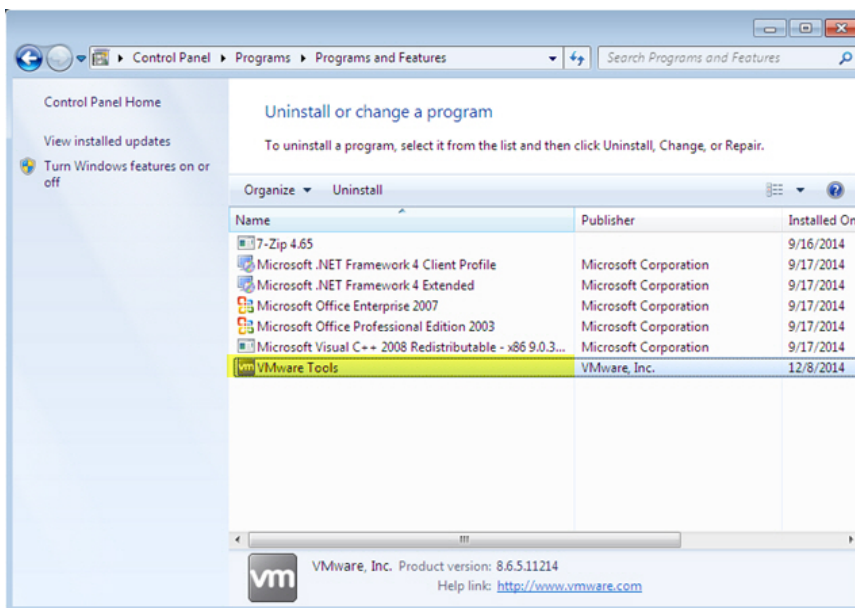


FIGURE 3-7. Add or Remove Programs (Windows 7)

3. Select **VMware Tools** and then click **Remove** (Windows XP or Windows Server 2003) or **Uninstall** (Windows 7/8/8.1/10, Windows Server 2008/2008 R2, Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 or Windows Server 2016).
4. Click **Yes** to uninstall VMware Tools.
5. Click **Yes** to restart Windows.

VMware Tools is uninstalled.

Exporting Virtual Machine Images

You must verify and modify some settings before exporting a virtual machine image from VMware ESXi or Workstation.

- *Verifying Virtual Machine Settings on VMware Workstation on page 3-17*
- *Exporting Virtual Machine Images on VMware ESXi on page 3-19*

- *Converting VMware ESXi Virtual Hard Disk Drives on page 3-23*

Verifying Virtual Machine Settings on VMware Workstation

Procedure

1. Shut down the virtual machine.
2. In the left pane, right-click the virtual machine and then select **Settings**.

The **Virtual Machine Settings** screen appears.

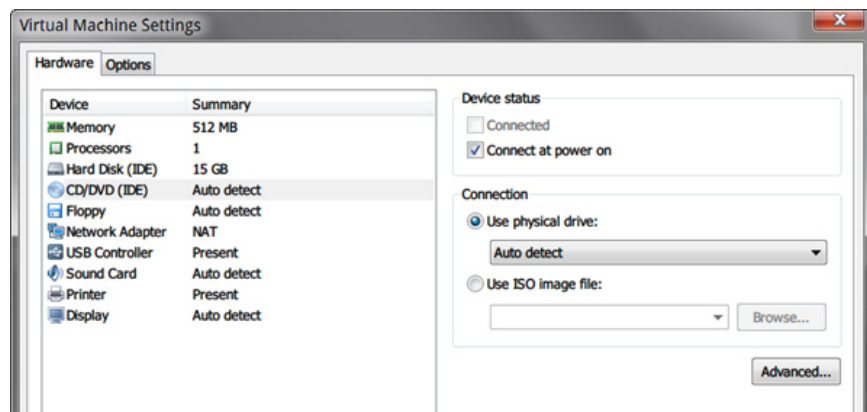


FIGURE 3-8. Virtual Machine Settings

3. On the **Hardware** tab, verify the following:
 - **CD/DVD (IDE):** Connection is **Use physical drive**.
 - **Floppy:** Connection is **Use physical drive**.

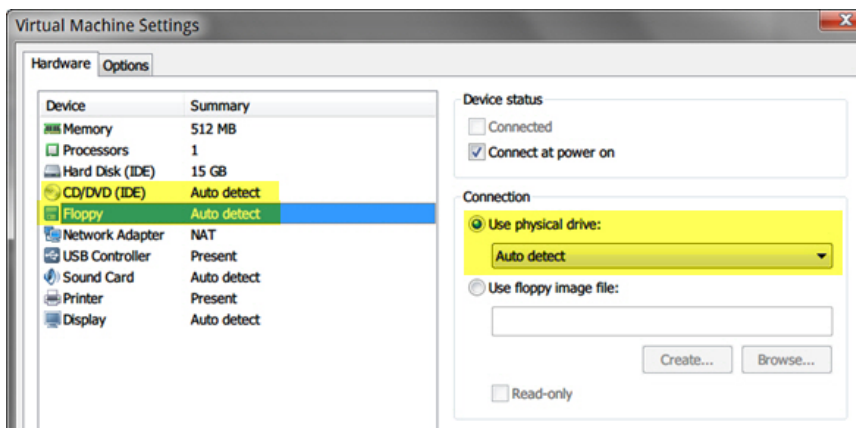
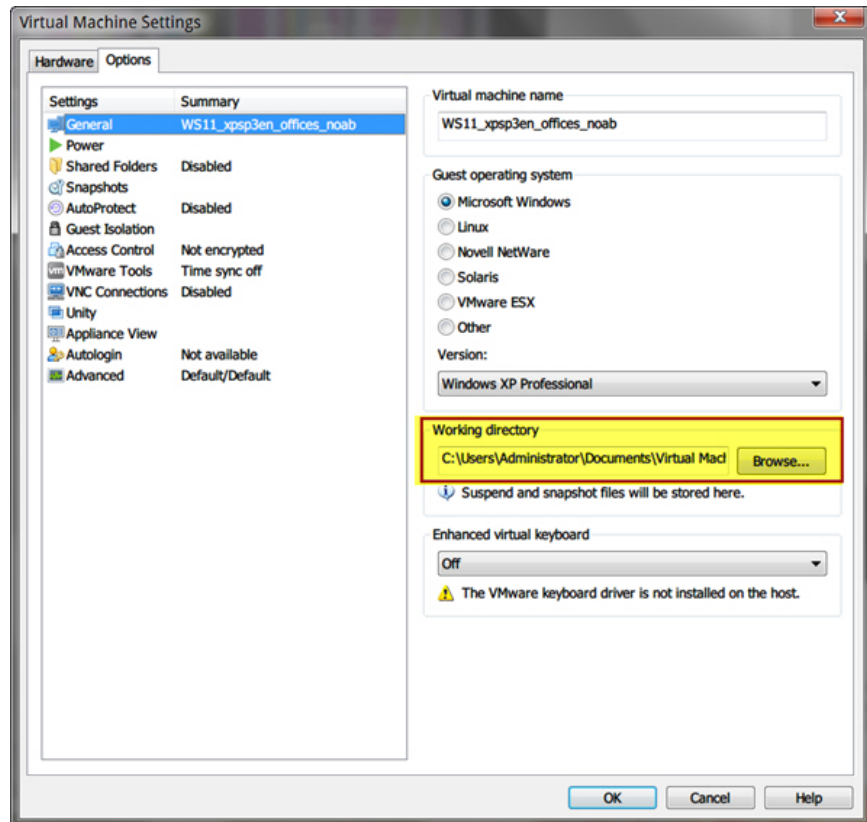


FIGURE 3-9. Virtual Machine Settings - Hardware

4. Go to the **Options** tab and then click **General**.
5. In the right pane, under **Working directory**, locate the Virtual Machine Disk (*.vmdk).

**FIGURE 3-10. Working Directory**

Exporting Virtual Machine Images on VMware ESXi

Procedure

1. Shut down the virtual machine.
2. In the left pane, right-click the virtual machine and then select **Edit Settings**.

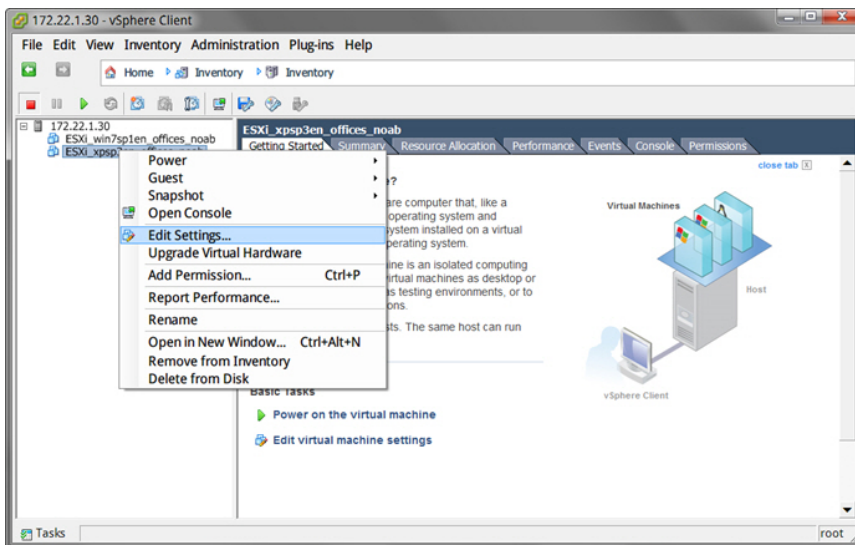


FIGURE 3-11. Edit Settings

The **Virtual Machine Properties** screen appears.

3. On the **Hardware** tab, verify the following settings:
 - **CD/DVD drive 1: Client Device**
 - **Floppy drive 1: Client Device**

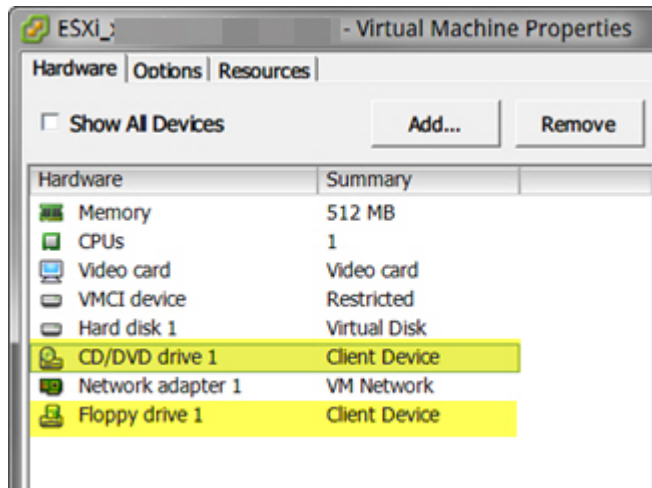


FIGURE 3-12. Virtual Machine Properties - Hardware

4. In the left pane, select the virtual machine and then go to **File > Export > Export OVF Template**.

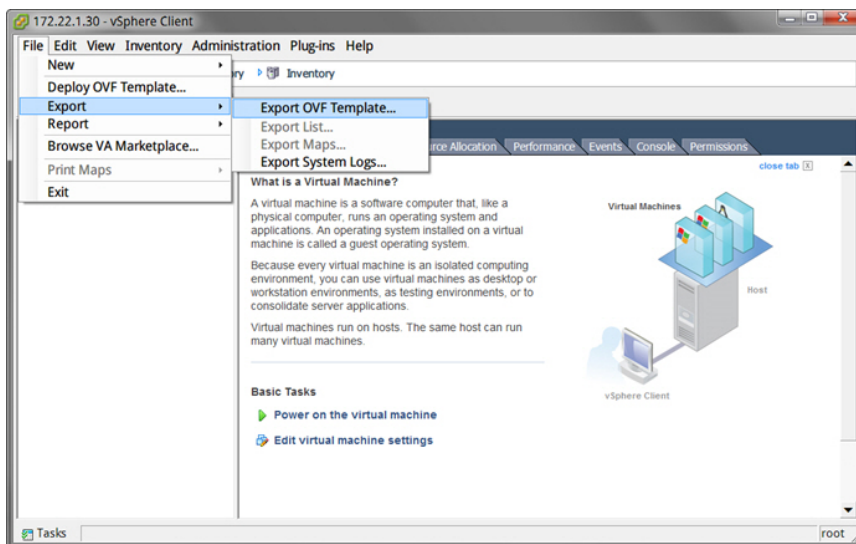


FIGURE 3-13. OVF Template

The **Export OVF Template** screen appears.

5. Configure the following settings:
 - **Name:** Type a name for the virtual machine image.

**Note**

(Optional) Click the **folder** icon to change the path of the OVF template files.

- **Format:** Select **Folder of files (OVF)**.

**Important**

Verify that **Include image files attached to floppy and CD/DVD devices in the OVF package** is not selected.

6. Click **OK**.

Converting VMware ESXi Virtual Hard Disk Drives

VirtualBox does not support the virtual hard disk drive format (*.vmdk) of VMware ESXi images. Use one of the following tools to convert the disks:

- *[Using VMware vCenter Converter Standalone on page 3-23](#)*
- *[Using QEMU on page 3-29](#)*

Using VMware vCenter Converter Standalone

Procedure

1. Download VMware vCenter Converter Standalone from https://my.vmware.com/web/vmware/info/slug/infrastructure_operations_management/vmware_vcenter_converter_standalone/5_5#product_downloads.



Note

VMware vCenter Converter Standalone 5.0 does not support vCenter Server and ESXi versions later than 5.0. Download and install a version later than 5.0.1.

2. Open VMware vCenter Converter Standalone and then click **Convert machine**.

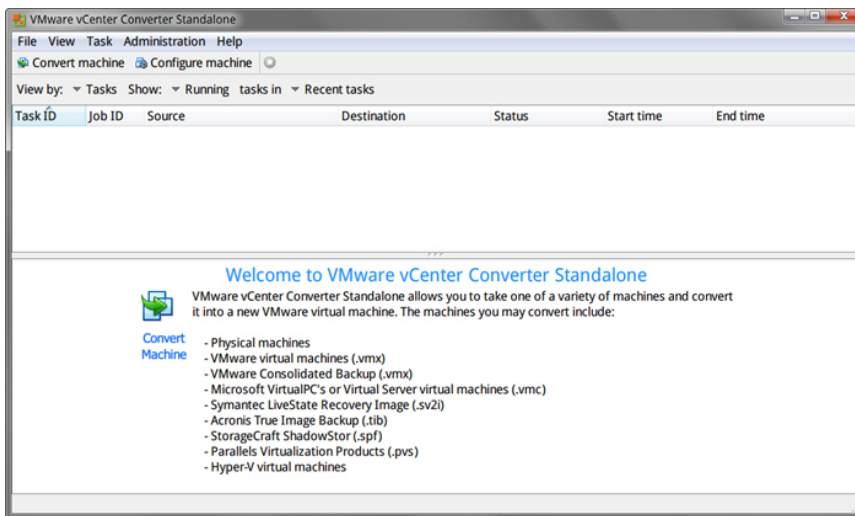


FIGURE 3-14. VMware vCenter Converter Standalone

The **Conversion** window opens.

3. On the **Source System** screen, configure the following:
 - a. **Select source type:** Select **VMware Infrastructure virtual machine**.
 - b. **Server:** Type the ESXi server IP address.
 - c. **User name, Password:** Type the credentials that provide administrator access to the VMware server.
4. Click **Next**.

The **Source Machine** screen appears.

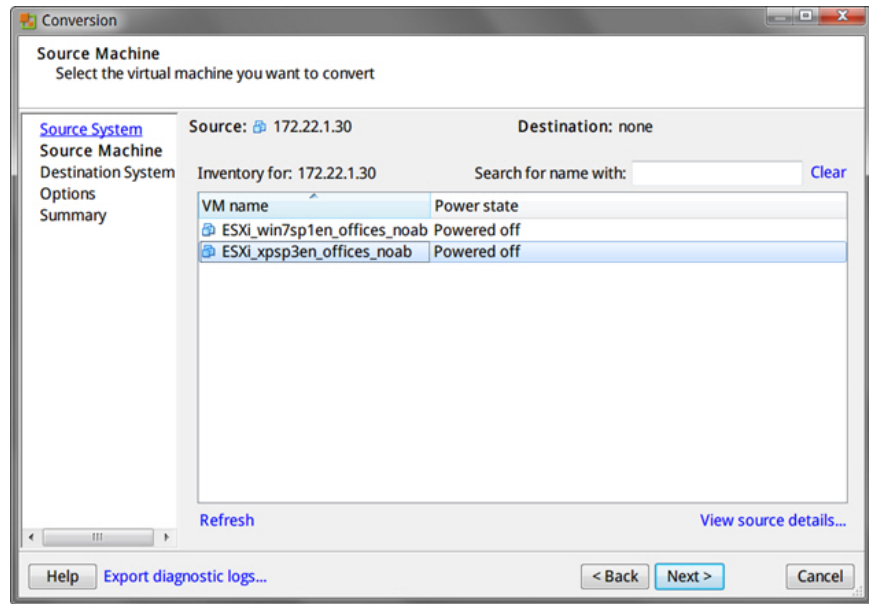


FIGURE 3-15. Conversion > Source Machine

5. Select the virtual machine that you want to convert and then click **Next**.

The **Destination System** section appears.

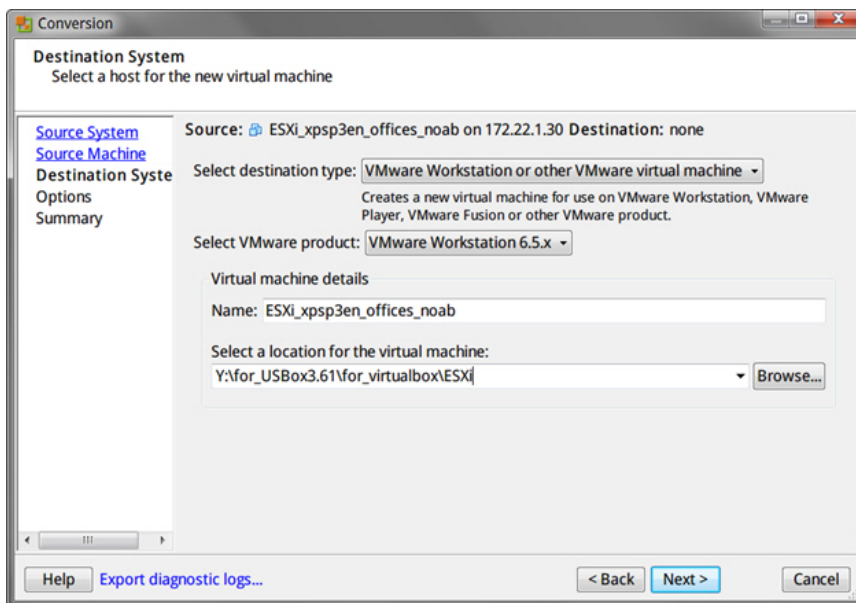


FIGURE 3-16. Conversion > Destination System

6. Configure the following and then click **Next**.
 - a. **Select destination type:** Select **VMware Workstation or other VMware virtual machine**.
 - b. **Select VMware product:** Select **VMware Workstation 6.5.x**.
 - c. **Virtual machine details:** Accept the default name and location or click **Browse** to select a different file.

The **Options** screen appears.

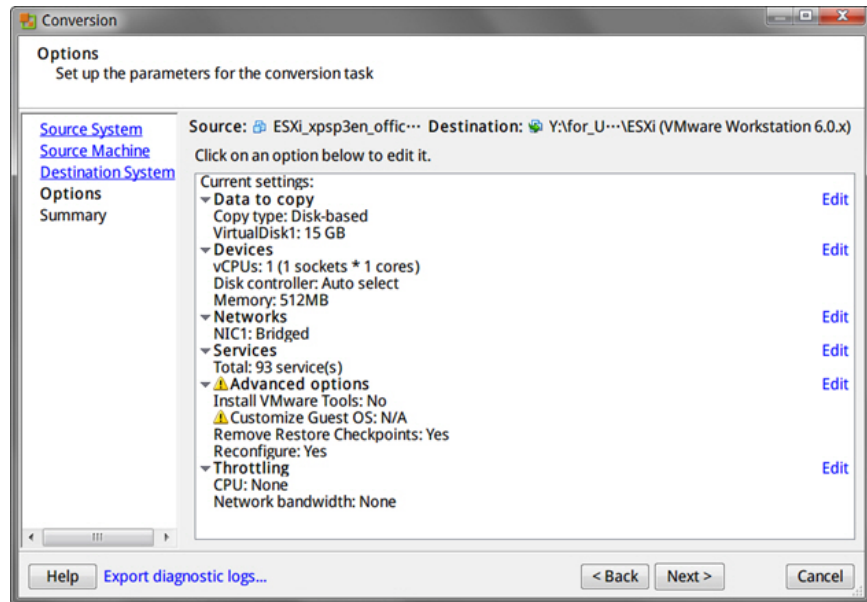


FIGURE 3-17. Conversion > Options

7. Verify the settings and then click **Next**.



Important

Verify that **Install VMware Tools** is set to **No**.

The **Summary** screen appears.

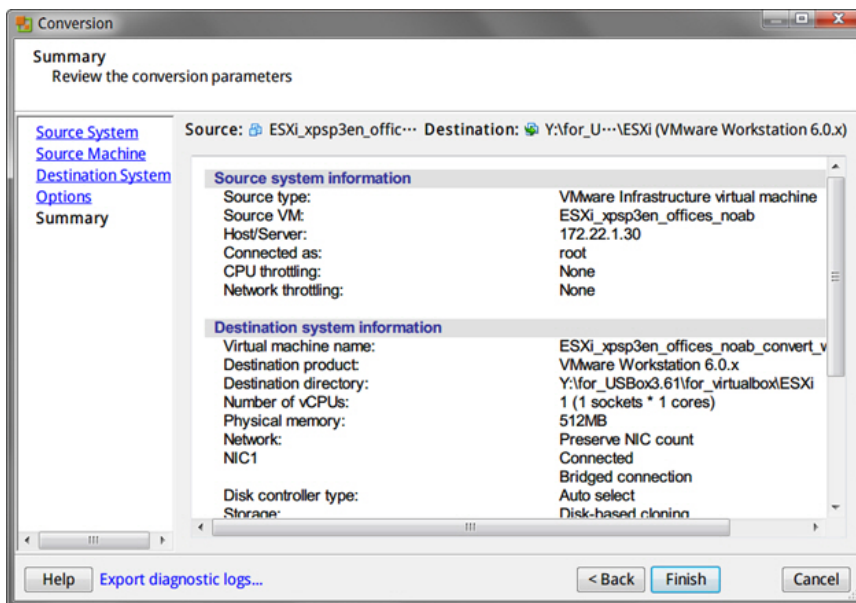


FIGURE 3-18. Conversion > Summary

8. Verify the information and then click **Finish**.

VMware vCenter Converter Standalone converts the Virtual Machine Disk (*.vmdk).

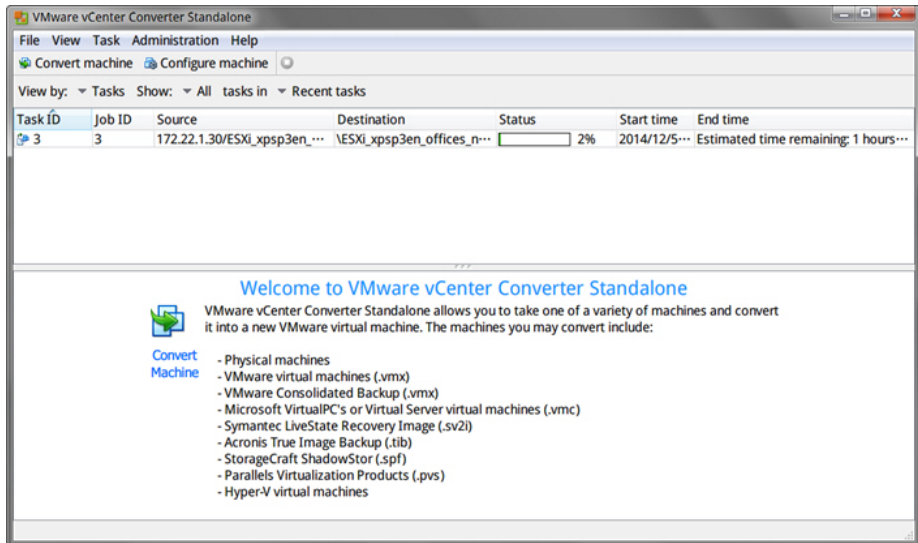


FIGURE 3-19. Image Conversion Progress

Using QEMU

For details on QEMU, see http://wiki.qemu.org/Main_Page.

Procedure

1. Download the latest version of QEMU from <http://qemu.weilnetz.de/w64/>.
2. Install QEMU with the default settings.
3. Open a Command Prompt window (cmd.exe) using an account with administrator privileges.
4. Convert the Virtual Machine Disk (*.vmdk) by typing the following command:

```
qemu-img.exe convert [-f fmt] [-O output_fmt] filename
output_filename.
```

For example:

```
"C:\Program Files\qemu\qemu-img.exe" convert -f vmdk -O vmdk  
C:\ESX_xp3en_offices_noab.vmdk C:\ESX_xp3en_offices_noab_converted.vmdk
```

The *.vmdk file can be used to create an OVA file using VirtualBox.

Creating Virtual Machine Images Using Converted Virtual Hard Disk Drives

Use VirtualBox to create a new virtual machine image.

- [Downloading and Installing VirtualBox on page 2-5](#)
- [Creating Virtual Machine Images Using VirtualBox on page 3-31](#)

Downloading and Installing VirtualBox

Procedure

1. Download the latest version of VirtualBox from <https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads>.



Note

The VirtualBox Open Source Edition is licensed under the GPL V2. The full text of the license is available at <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/gpl-2.0.html>.

2. Configure the language settings using one of the following methods:
 - Install VirtualBox with English as the default language.
 - After installation, go to **File > Preferences > Language** and then select **English**.

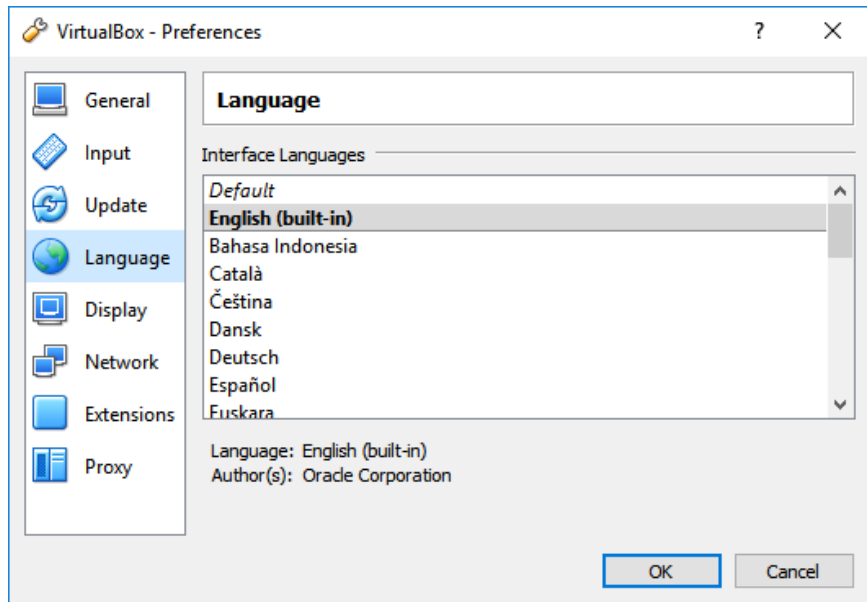


FIGURE 3-20. Language Settings

Creating Virtual Machine Images Using VirtualBox

Procedure

1. Open VirtualBox.

The **VirtualBox Manager** window opens.

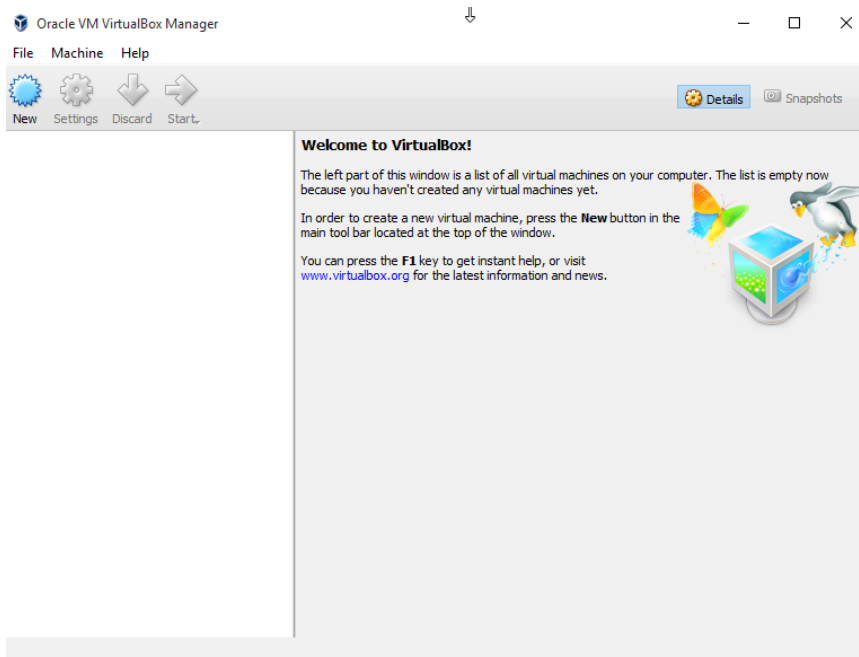


FIGURE 3-21. VirtualBox Manager

2. Click **New**.

The **Create Virtual Machine** window opens.

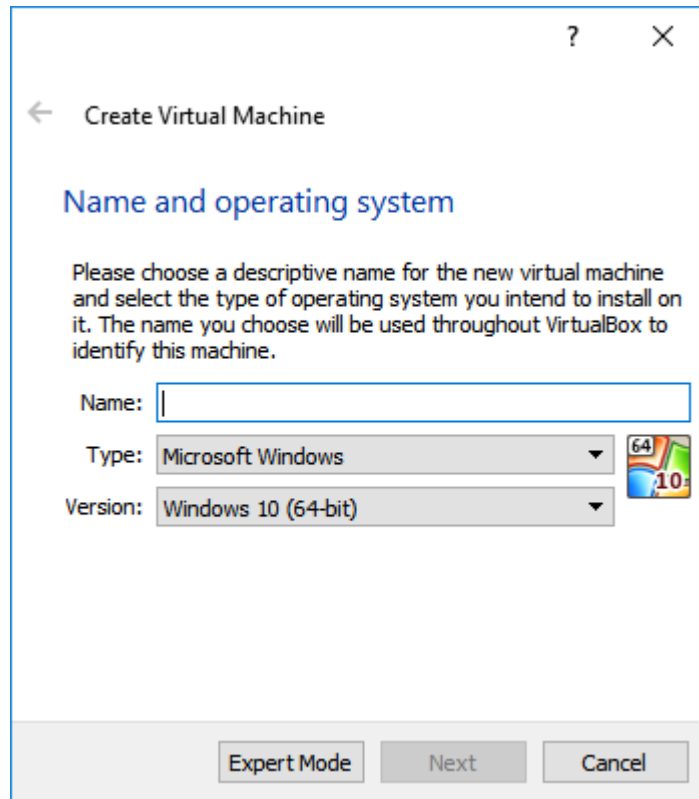


FIGURE 3-22. Create Virtual Machine

3. On the **Name and operating system** screen, configure the following:
 - **Name:** Type a permanent name for the virtual machine.
 - **Type:** Select **Microsoft Windows**.
 - **Version:** Select **Windows XP**, **Windows 2003**, **Windows 7**, **Windows 8**, **Windows 8.1**, **Windows 10**, **Windows 2008/2008 R2**, **Windows 2012/2012 R2** or **Windows 2016**.

4. Click **Next**.

The **Memory size** screen appears.

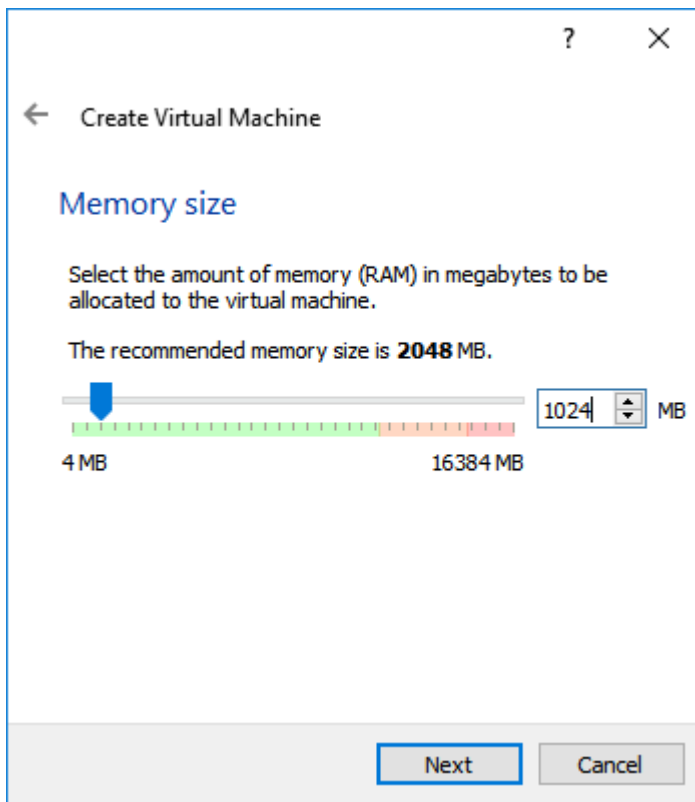
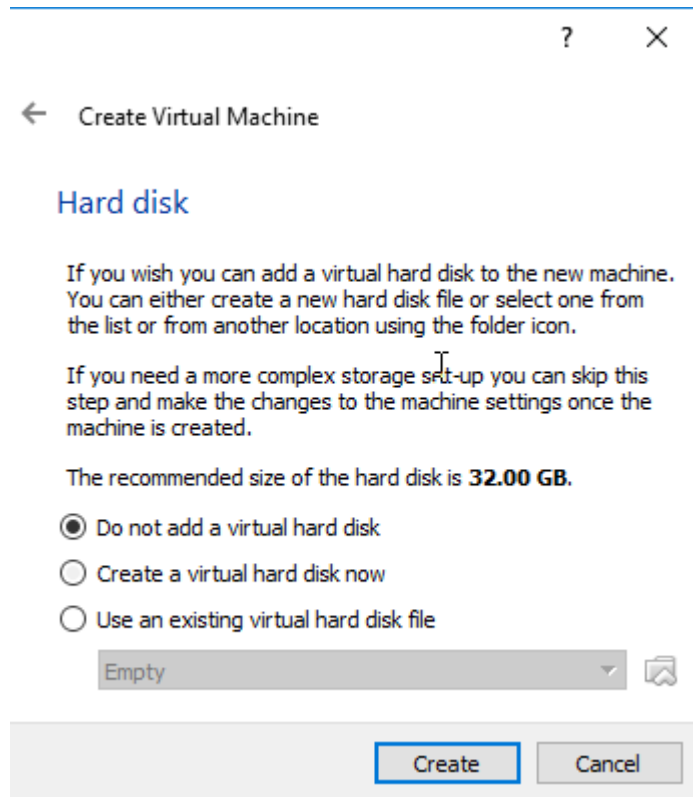


FIGURE 3-23. Memory Size

5. Specify the recommended memory size for your operating system.
 - Windows XP and Windows Server 2003: 512 MB
 - Windows 7/8/8.1/10, Windows Server 2008/2008 R2, Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016: 1024 MB
6. Click **Next**.

The **Hard disk** screen appears.



The screenshot shows a window titled "Create Virtual Machine" with a "Hard disk" section. It contains instructional text about adding a virtual hard disk, a recommended size of 32.00 GB, and three radio button options: "Do not add a virtual hard disk" (selected), "Create a virtual hard disk now", and "Use an existing virtual hard disk file". Below the options is a dropdown menu set to "Empty" with a folder icon. At the bottom are "Create" and "Cancel" buttons.

?

×

← Create Virtual Machine

Hard disk

If you wish you can add a virtual hard disk to the new machine. You can either create a new hard disk file or select one from the list or from another location using the folder icon.

If you need a more complex storage set-up you can skip this step and make the changes to the machine settings once the machine is created.

The recommended size of the hard disk is **32.00 GB**.

☒ Do not add a virtual hard disk

☐ Create a virtual hard disk now

☐ Use an existing virtual hard disk file

Empty

Create Cancel

FIGURE 3-24. Hard Disk

7. Select **Do not add a virtual hard disk** and then click **Create**.

The following message appears:

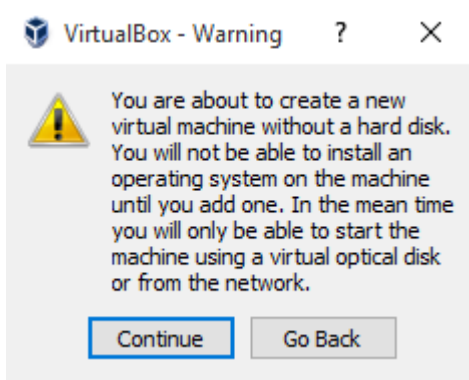


FIGURE 3-25. Warning

8. Click **Continue**.

VirtualBox creates the virtual machine. The new virtual machine appears in the left pane.

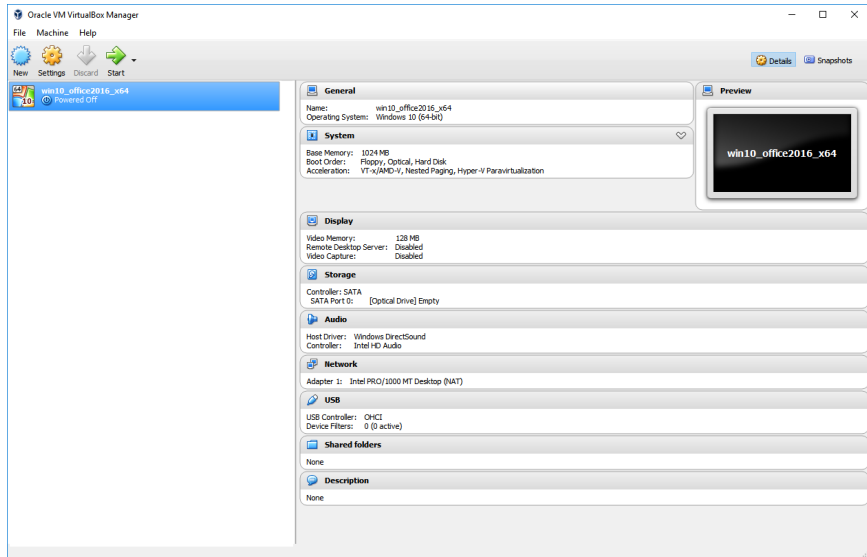


FIGURE 3-26. Newly-created Virtual Machine

9. Click **Settings**.

The **Settings** window opens.

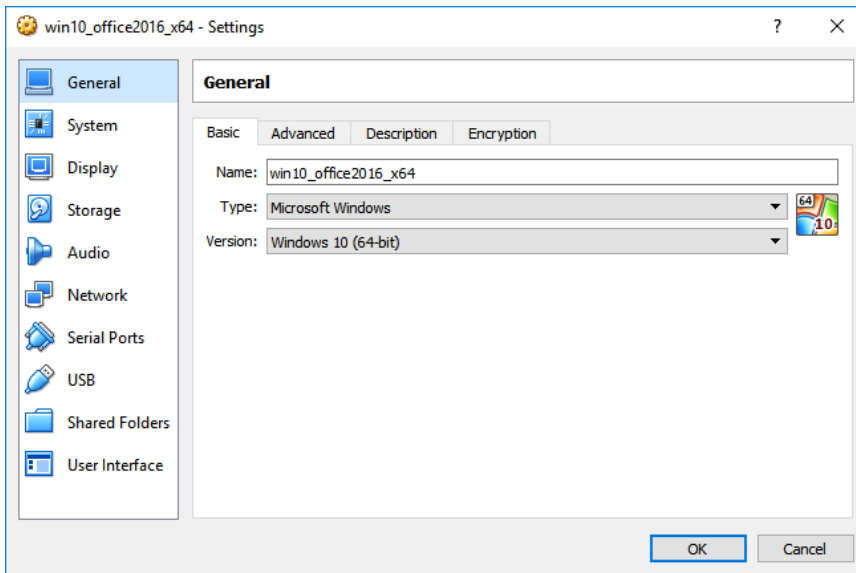


FIGURE 3-27. VirtualBox Settings

10. In the left pane, click **System**.

The **System** screen appears.

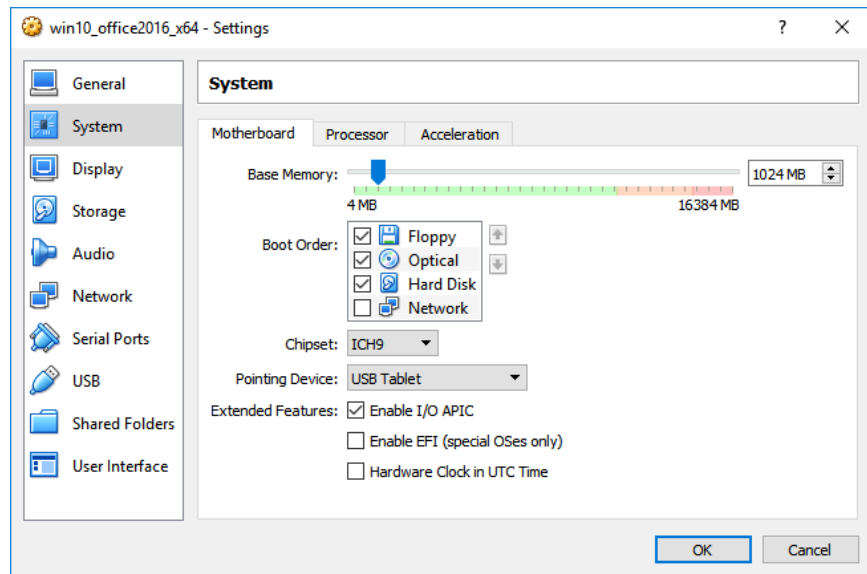


FIGURE 3-28. System Screen

11. On the **Motherboard** tab, configure the following:
 - **Chipset:** Select **ICH9**.
 - **Pointing Device:** Select **USB Tablet**.
 - **Extended Features:** Select **Enable I/O APIC**.
12. Go to the **Processor** tab and then select **Enable PAE/NX**.
13. Go to the **Acceleration** tab and then select **Enable VT-x/AMD-V** and **Enable Nested Paging**.



Note

The **Acceleration** tab is only available if the processor of the host system supports virtualization technology and the virtualization setting is enabled in the BIOS of the host system.

14. In the left pane, click **Storage**.

The **Storage** screen appears.

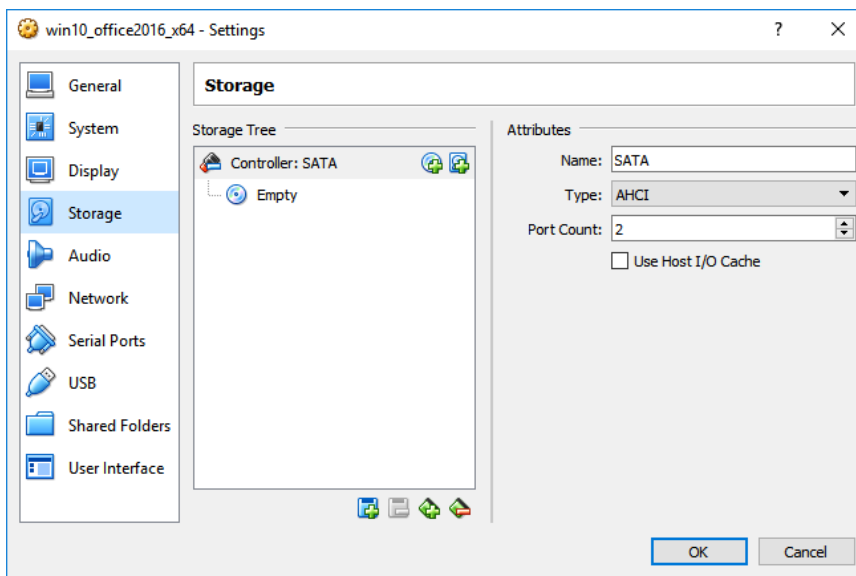


FIGURE 3-29. Storage Screen

15. (Optional) If **Controller: SATA** appears under **Storage Tree**, remove the SATA controller and then add the virtual hard drive to the IDE controller.
 - a. Click **Controller: SATA** and then click  to remove the default controller.
 - b. Click **Controller: IDE** and then click .

The following message appears:

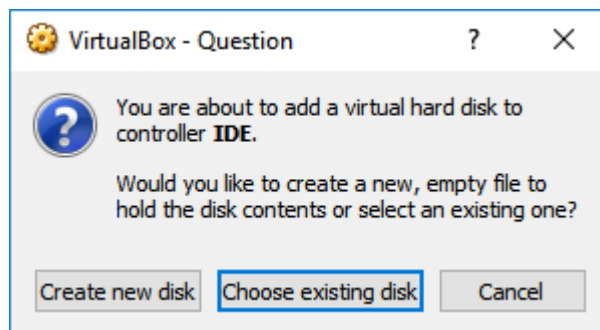


FIGURE 3-30. Choose Existing Disk

- c. Click **Choose existing disk** and then select the converted *.vmdk file.
- d. Under **Attributes**, retain all default settings.
- e. Under **Storage Tree**, click **Controller: IDE** and then click the empty optical drive icon.
- f. Under **Attributes**, verify that **CD/DVD Drive** is **IDE Secondary Master**.

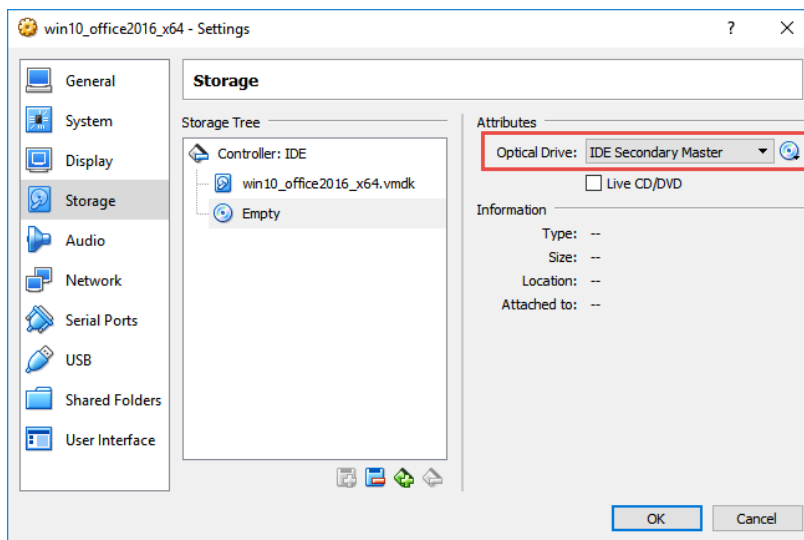


FIGURE 3-31. IDE Secondary Master

16. (Optional) In the left pane, click **Audio** and verify that **Enable Audio** is enabled.

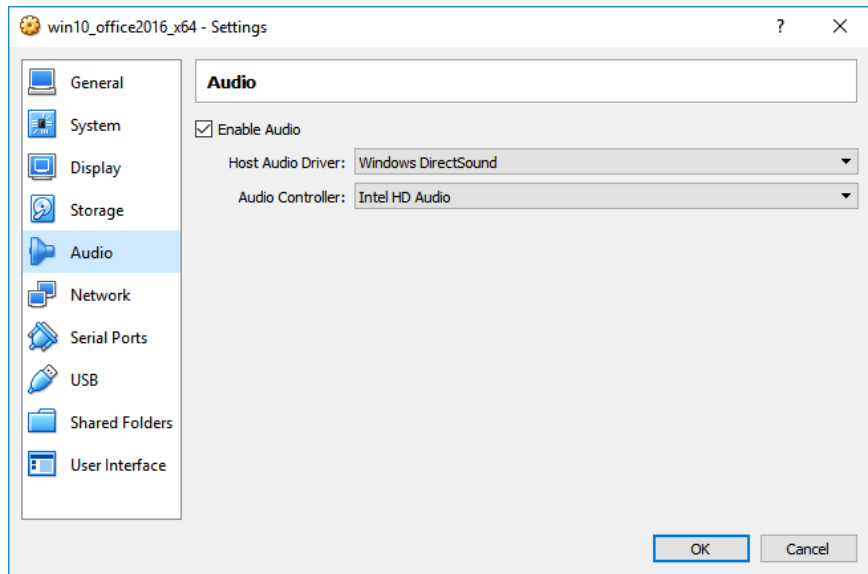


FIGURE 3-32. Audio Options Settings

17. In the left pane, click **USB** and then select **Enable USB Controller**.



Important

Verify that **USB 1.1 (OHCI) Controller** is selected.

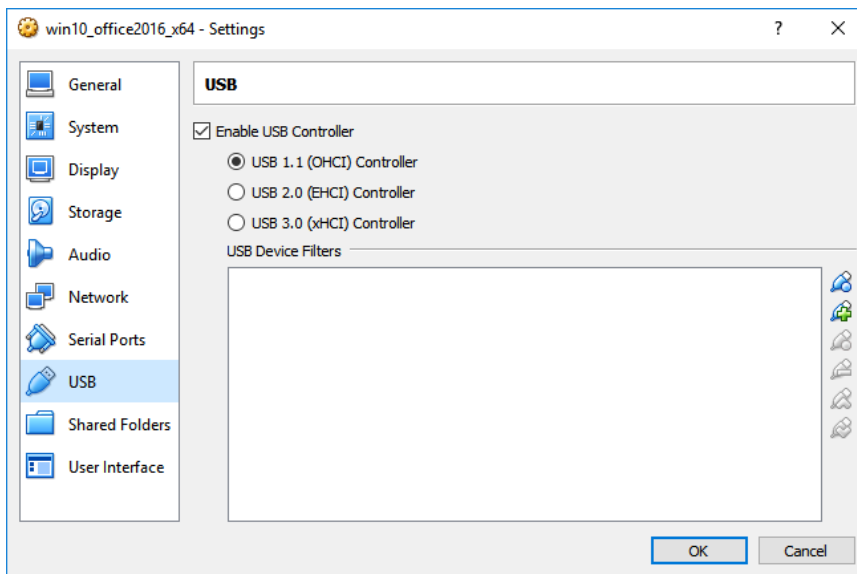


FIGURE 3-33. Enable USB Controller

18. In the left pane, click **Shared Folders** and then verify that no folders are shared.

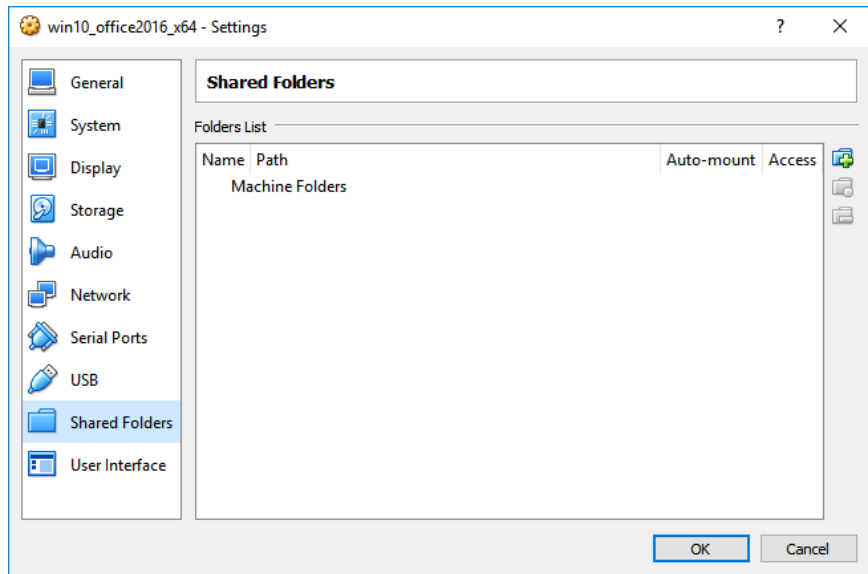


FIGURE 3-34. Shared Folders Settings

19. Click **OK**.

The **Settings** window closes.

20. On the **VirtualBox Manager** screen, click  to power on the image.

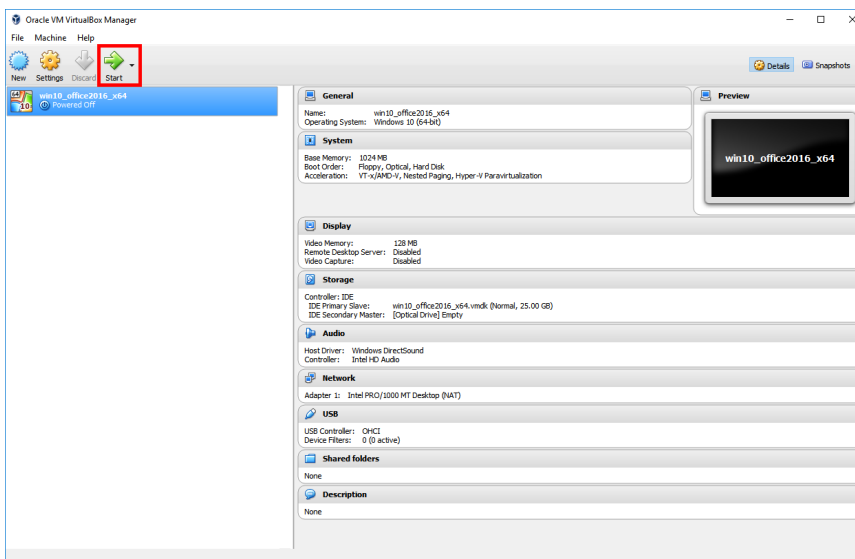


FIGURE 3-35. VirtualBox Manager

21. Install Microsoft Office and other software to achieve satisfactory detection results.

Configuring Virtual Machine Images

Configure virtual machine images that were created using converted virtual hard disk drives to avoid importing issues.

- *Configuring Virtual Machine Images (Windows XP and Windows Server 2003) on page 3-47*
- *Configuring Virtual Machine Images (Windows 7/8/8.1/10, Windows Server 2008/2008 R2, Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016) on page 3-50*

Configuring Virtual Machine Images (Windows XP and Windows Server 2003)

Procedure

1. On the guest operating system, click **Start**, right-click **My Computer**, and then click **Manage**.

The **Computer Management** screen appears.

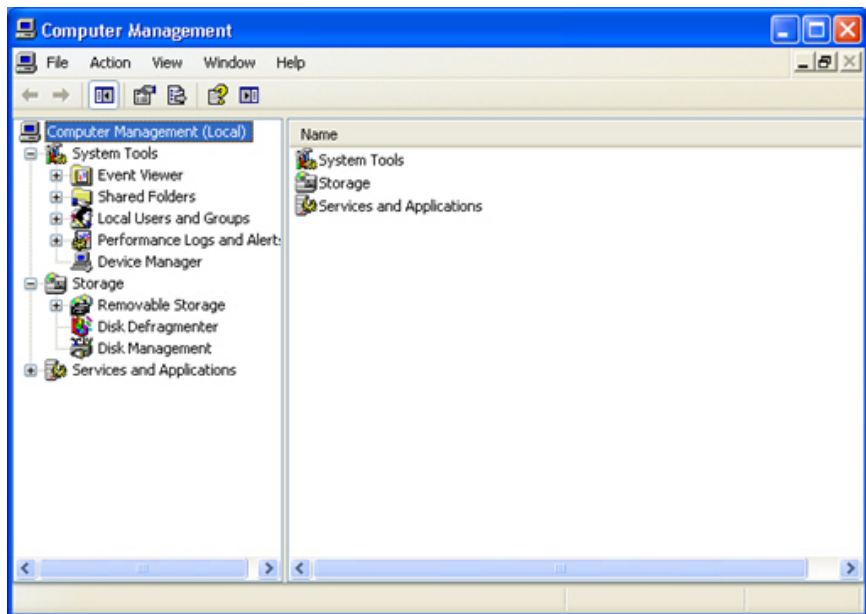


FIGURE 3-36. Computer Management

2. In the left pane, click **Device Manager**.

A list of devices appears.

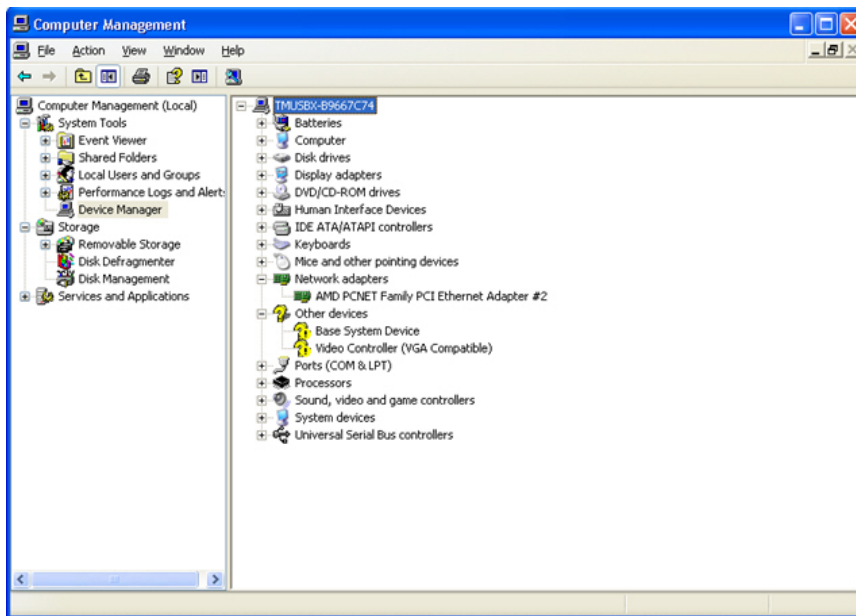


FIGURE 3-37. Device Management - Network Adapter Window

3. In the right pane, click **Network adapters** and then verify that the network adapter driver is ready.
4. Open a Command Prompt window (`cmd.exe`) using an account with administrator privileges.
5. Disable the **Found New Hardware Wizard** by typing the following commands:
 - Windows XP 32-bit:

```
reg add "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Windows\DeviceInstall\Settings" /v SuppressNewHWUI /t REG_DWORD /d 1 /f
```
 - Windows XP 64-bit or Windows Server 2003:

```
reg add "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet  
\Services\PlugPlay\Parameters" /v SuppressUI /t  
REG_DWORD /d 1 /f
```



FIGURE 3-38. Found New Hardware Wizard

6. Restart the image and then verify that the **Found New Hardware Wizard** does not appear.
7. Power off the image.

Configuring Virtual Machine Images (Windows 7/8/8.1/10, Windows Server 2008/2008 R2, Windows Server 2012/2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016)

Procedure

1. On the guest operating system, click **Start**, right-click **Computer**, and then click **Manage**.

The **Computer Management** screen appears.

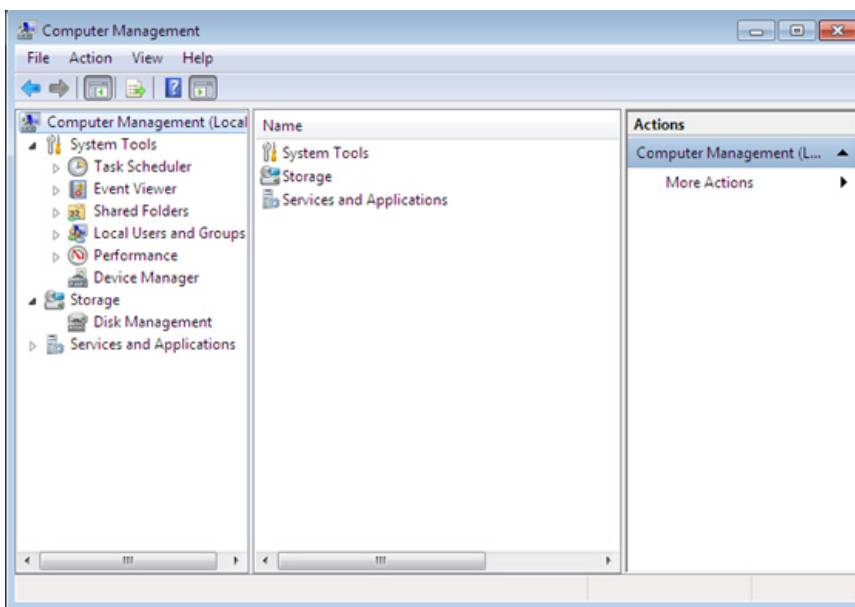


FIGURE 3-39. Computer Management

2. In the left pane, click **Device Manager**.

A list of devices appears.

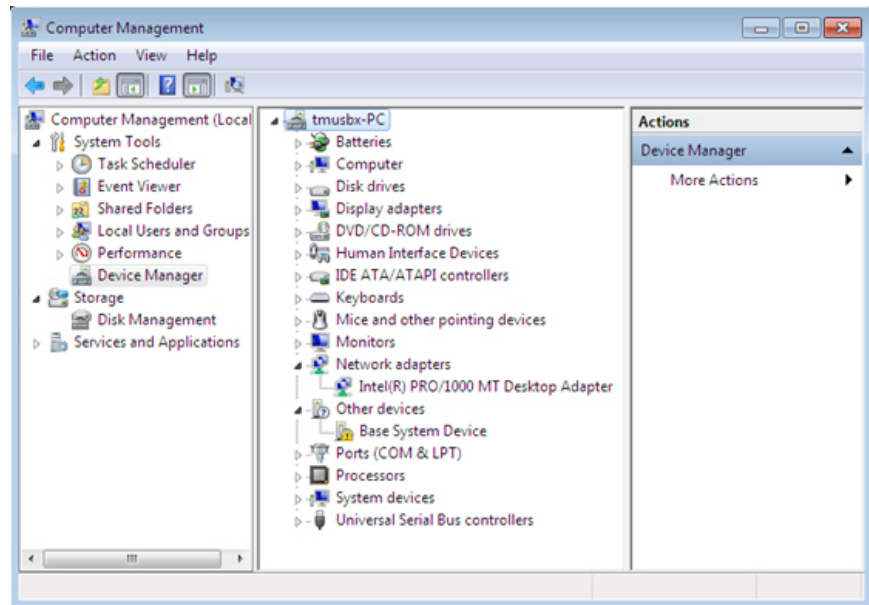


FIGURE 3-40. Device Management - Network Adapter

3. In the right pane, click **Network adapters** and then verify that the network adapter driver is ready.
4. Power off the image.

Exporting Virtual Machine Images to OVA Files

A virtual machine image comprises many uncompressed files. The files must be combined into a single OVA file to avoid issues when importing.

**Important**

Verify that the size of the created OVA file is supported by your product.

TABLE 3-2. Maximum OVA File Size

PRODUCT	VERSION	MAXIMUM FILE SIZE
Deep Discovery Inspector	3.8 and earlier	10 GB
	3.8 Service Pack 1 and later	20 GB
Deep Discovery Analyzer	5.1 and earlier	10 GB
	5.5 and later	20 GB
Deep Discovery Email Inspector	2.1 and earlier	10 GB
	2.5 and later	20 GB
Trend Micro TippingPoint Advanced Threat Protection for Networks	3.8 Service Pack 2 and later	20 GB
Trend Micro TippingPoint Advanced Threat Protection for Email	2.5 and later	20 GB
Trend Micro TippingPoint Advanced Threat Protection Analyzer	5.5 and later	20 GB
Deep Discovery Director	1.1 and later	20 GB
Deep Discovery Web Inspector	2.0 and later	20 GB

Procedure

1. On the VirtualBox Manager screen, power off the virtual machine.

**Note**

Verify that the CD/DVD drive is empty before powering off and exporting.

2. Go to **File > Export Appliance**.

The **Export Virtual Appliance** window appears.

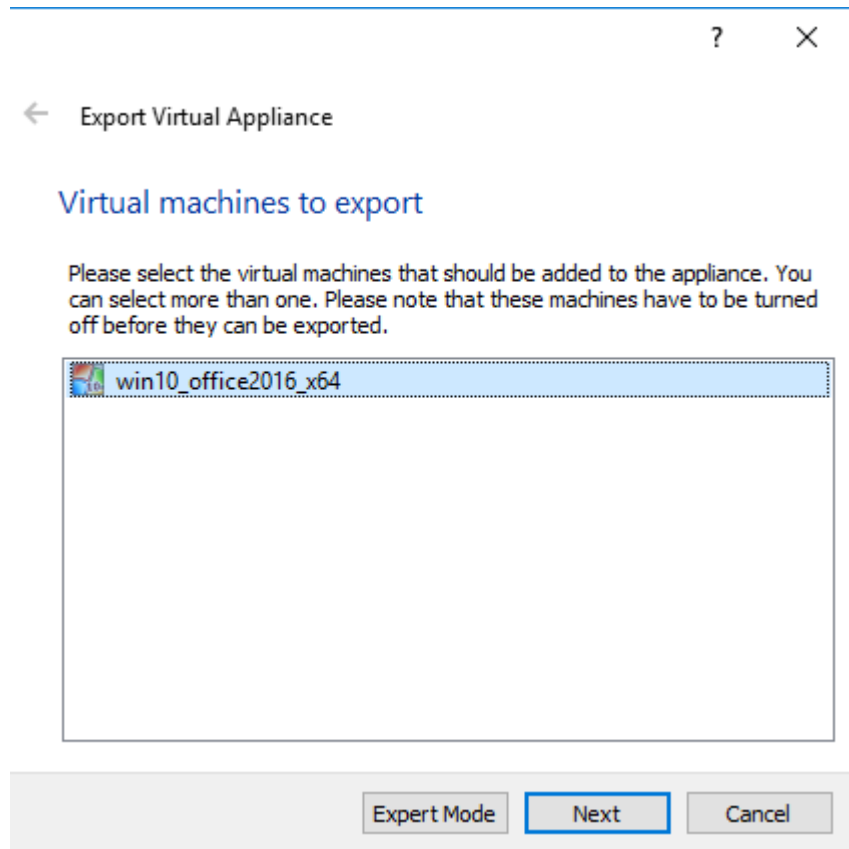
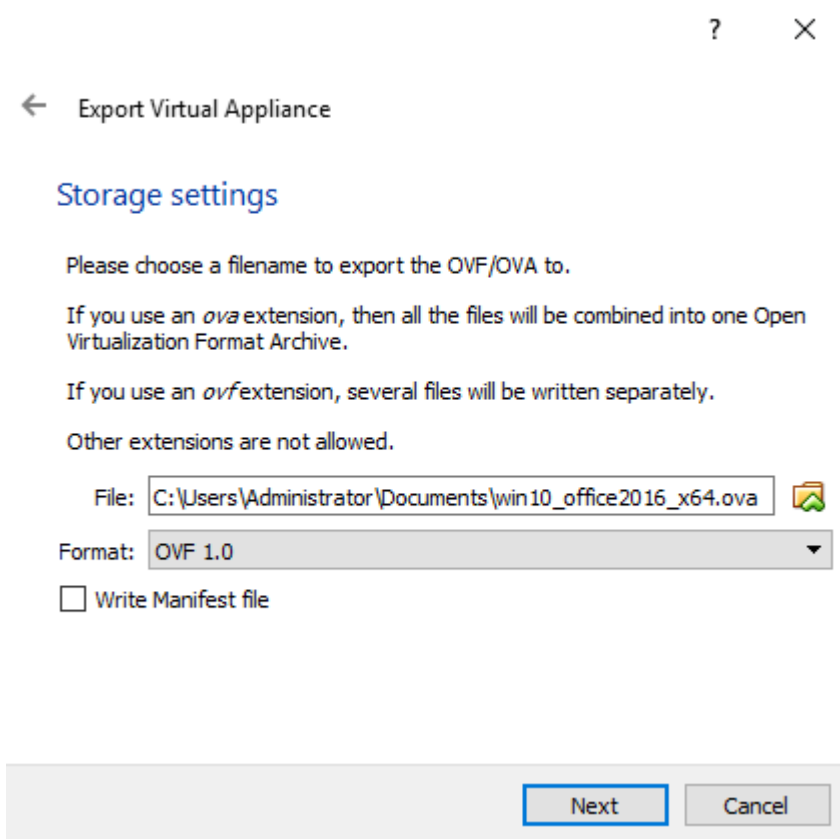


FIGURE 3-41. Export Virtual Appliance

3. Select the virtual machine image to export and click **Next**.

The **Storage settings** screen appears.



Export Virtual Appliance

Storage settings

Please choose a filename to export the OVF/OVA to.

If you use an *ova* extension, then all the files will be combined into one Open Virtualization Format Archive.

If you use an *ovf* extension, several files will be written separately.

Other extensions are not allowed.

File: 

Format:

☐ Write Manifest file

FIGURE 3-42. Storage settings

4. Configure the following:
 - **File:** Accept the default name and path or click  to select a different file.
 - **Format:** Select **OVF 1.0**.

**Important**

Format options include OVF 0.9, 1.0 and 2.0. Virtual Analyzer does not support OVF 2.0.

5. Click **Next**.

The **Appliance settings** screen appears.

Export Virtual Appliance

Appliance settings

This is the descriptive information which will be added to the virtual appliance. You can change it by double clicking on individual lines.

Description	Configuration
Virtual System 1	
Name	win10_office2016_x64
Product	
Product-URL	
Vendor	
Vendor-URL	
Version	
Description	

Restore Defaults Export Cancel

FIGURE 3-43. Appliance settings

6. Verify that the **License** field is empty and then click **Export**.

VirtualBox creates the OVA file.

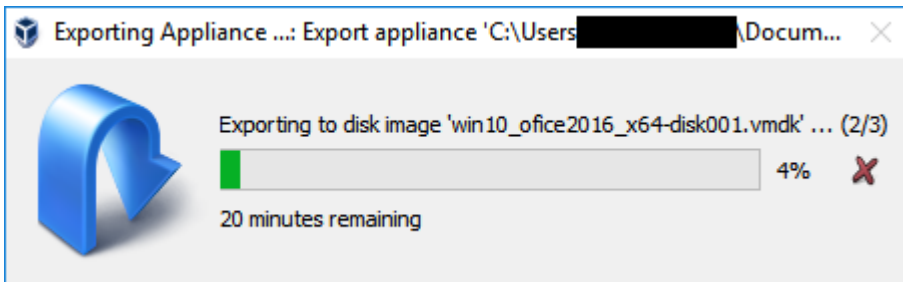


FIGURE 3-44. Disk Image Export Progress Bar

Chapter 4

Virtual Analyzer Image Preparation Tool

Learn how to use the Virtual Analyzer Image Preparation Tool in the following topics:

- *Overview on page 4-2*
- *Image Validation and Configuration on page 4-4*
- *System Requirements on page 4-3*
- *Using the Tool on page 4-5*
- *Troubleshooting Common Issues on page 4-20*

Overview

The Virtual Analyzer Image Preparation Tool facilitates the creation of custom sandbox images.

TABLE 4-1. Features

FEATURE	DESCRIPTION
Image creation	Create custom sandbox images for the following products: • Deep Discovery Inspector 3.8, 3.8 Service Pack 1, 3.8 Service Pack 2, 3.8 Service Pack 3, 3.8 Service Pack 5, 5.0, and 5.1 • Deep Discovery Email Inspector 2.1, 2.5, 2.5 Service Pack 1, 2.6, 3.0, and 3.1 • Deep Discovery Analyzer 5.1, 5.5, 5.5 Service Pack 1, 5.8, 6.0, and 6.1 • TippingPoint Advanced Threat Protection for Networks 3.8 SP2, 3.8 Service Pack 3, and 3.8 Service Pack 5 • TippingPoint Advanced Threat Protection for Email 2.5, 2.5 Service Pack 1, and 2.6 • TippingPoint Advanced Threat Protection Analyzer 5.5, 5.5 Service Pack 1, and 5.8 • Deep Discovery Director 1.1, 2.0, and 3.0 • Deep Discovery Web Inspector 2.0
Image validation and configuration	The tool validates and configures OVA files created using VirtualBox.  Note For images created using VMware, see OVA File Creation Using Converted Virtual Hard Disk Drives on page 3-1.

System Requirements

TABLE 4-2. System requirements

REQUIREMENT	SPECIFICATION
Host operating system	Build 3.8.1009 and later: - Windows 7 (32-bit and 64-bit) - Windows 8 (32-bit and 64-bit) - Windows 8.1 (32-bit and 64-bit) - Windows 10 (32-bit and 64-bit) Build 3.8.1240 and later: - Windows Server 2003/2003 R2 - Windows Server 2008/2008 R2 - Windows Server 2012/2012 R2  Important Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0 or later must be installed on the host operating system.
Virtualization application	Oracle™ VM VirtualBox 4.3 or later (except 5.0.6)  Important The tool does not support VirtualBox 5.0.6 because a defect prevents the first serial port from functioning properly. Trend Micro recommends using VirtualBox 5.0.7 or later. For virtual machine images created in VMware, see Creating OVA Files Using Converted Virtual Hard Disk Drives on page 3-2.

REQUIREMENT	SPECIFICATION
Hardware virtualization	The hardware virtualization in the motherboard BIOS of the host operating system must be enabled to support Windows 8/8.1/10 or any 64-bit guest operating systems.  Note The tool can detect hardware virtualization only on Windows 8/8.1/10 hosts.

Image Validation and Configuration

The tool automatically validates and configures the following VirtualBox image settings.

TABLE 4-3. Validating and configuring image settings

SETTING	CORRECT CONFIGURATION
Admin password	1111
Keyboard layout	Enhanced keyboard layout: 101
Found New Hardware Wizard	Disabled
Disk defragmentation	Disabled
.NET Optimization	Disabled
CPU count	1
Memory size	- Windows XP or Windows Server 2003: 512 MB - Other operating systems: 1024 MB
PAE/NX	Enabled
Hardware virtualization	VT-x/AMD-V and nested paging enabled
Audio driver	Enabled

SETTING	CORRECT CONFIGURATION
Windows SMB service (TCP port 445)	Enabled
File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks	Enabled
AutoPlay	Enabled in Windows 7/8/8.1/10
Microsoft Office macros	Enabled
Network adapter settings	Obtain an IP address automatically

**Important**

The tool checks but does not modify the Windows and Office versions. Verify that the image meets the requirements before running the tool.

Using the Tool

Procedure

1. Obtain a copy of `SandboxWizard.zip` from your support provider.
2. Extract the package content to a local folder. Go to the folder and then open `SandboxWizard.exe`.

The introduction screen appears.

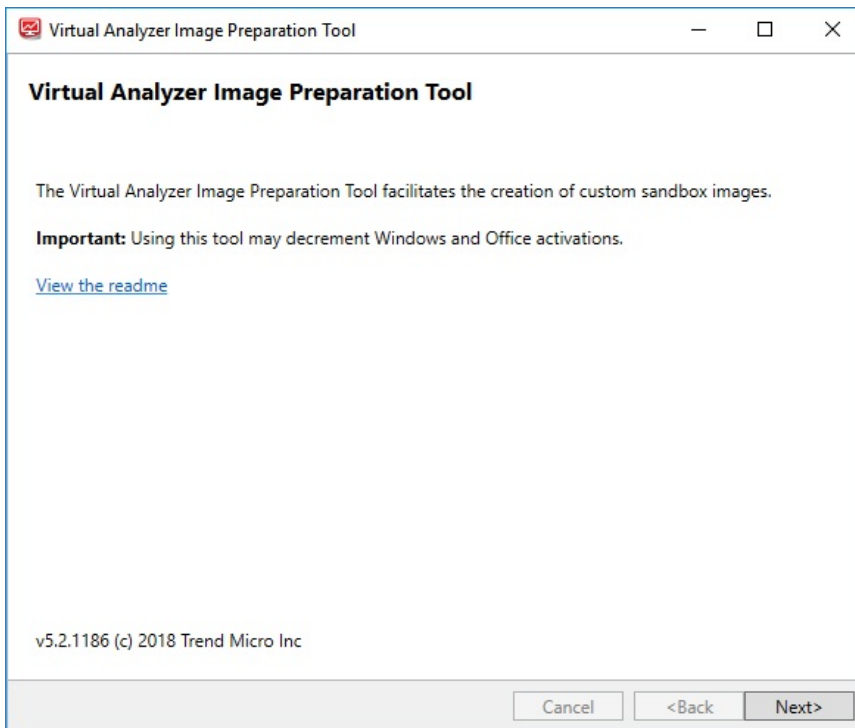


FIGURE 4-1. Introduction screen

3. Click **Next**.

The tool checks if the computer meets the system requirements, and then the **System Requirements** screen appears.

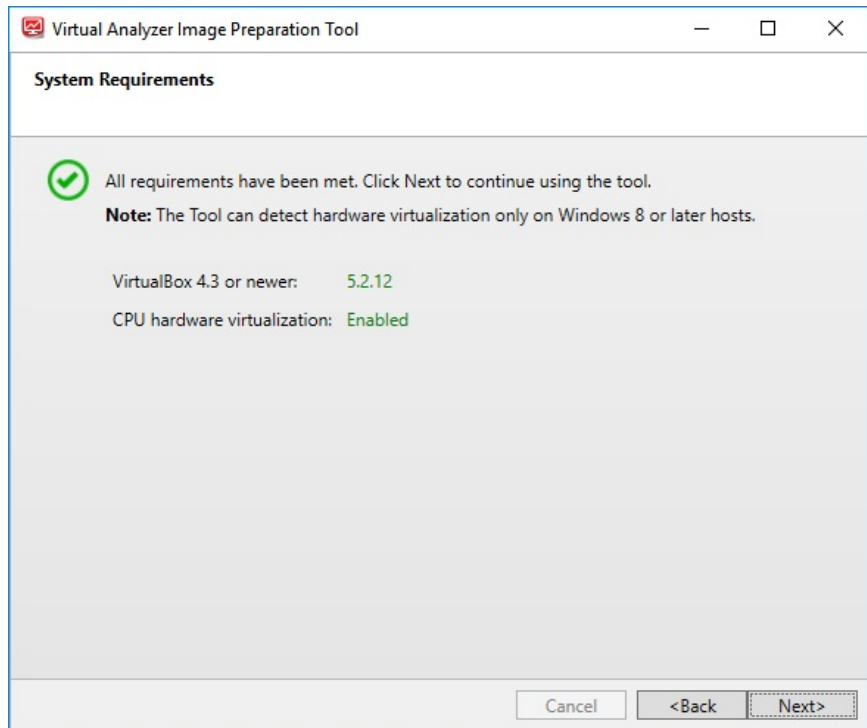


FIGURE 4-2. System Requirements screen

4. Click **Next**.

The **Specify Virtual Machine** screen appears.

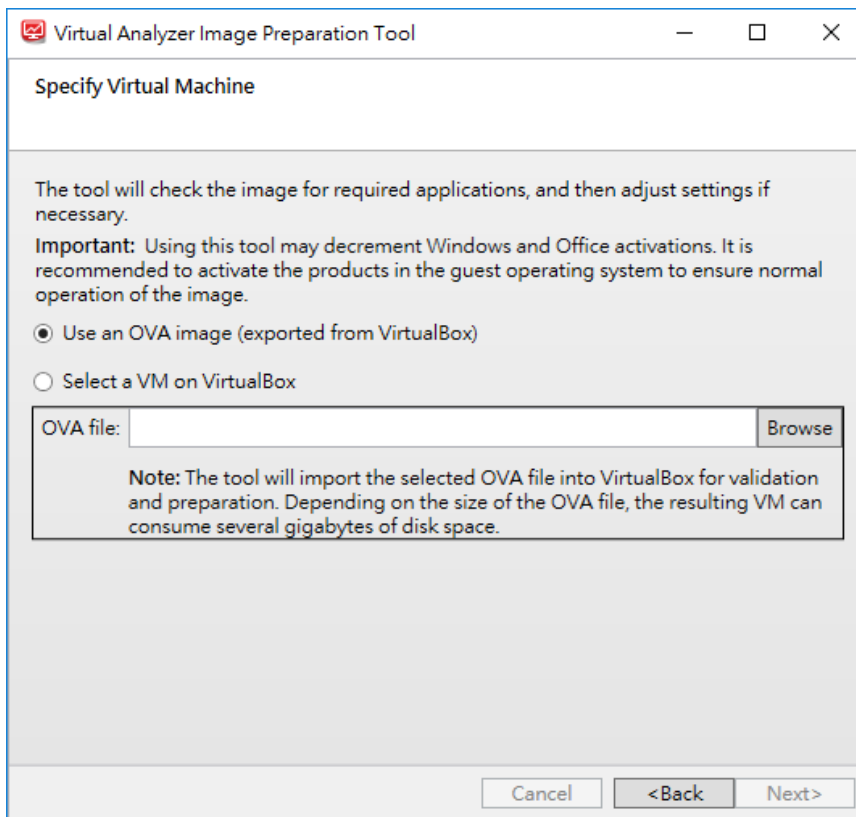


FIGURE 4-3. Specify Virtual Machine screen

5. Specify an OVA file or a virtual machine instance running on VirtualBox.
 - a. Select one of the following:
 - **Use an OVA image (exported from VirtualBox):** Select this option if you converted a VMware image and then packaged it as an OVA file. For details, see *[OVA File Creation Using Converted Virtual Hard Disk Drives on page 3-1.](#)*

**Important**

Open Virtualization Format (OVF) is a cross-platform standard for packaging and distributing software to be run in virtual machines. OVF enables the creation of ready-to-use software packages (operating systems with applications) that require no configuration or installation.

An OVF package consists of several files that can be packed into a single archive file with the extension `.ova`. Virtual Analyzer supports only image files in the OVA format.

- **Select a VM on VirtualBox:** Select this option if you want to create an image based on an existing virtual machine on VirtualBox.

For example:

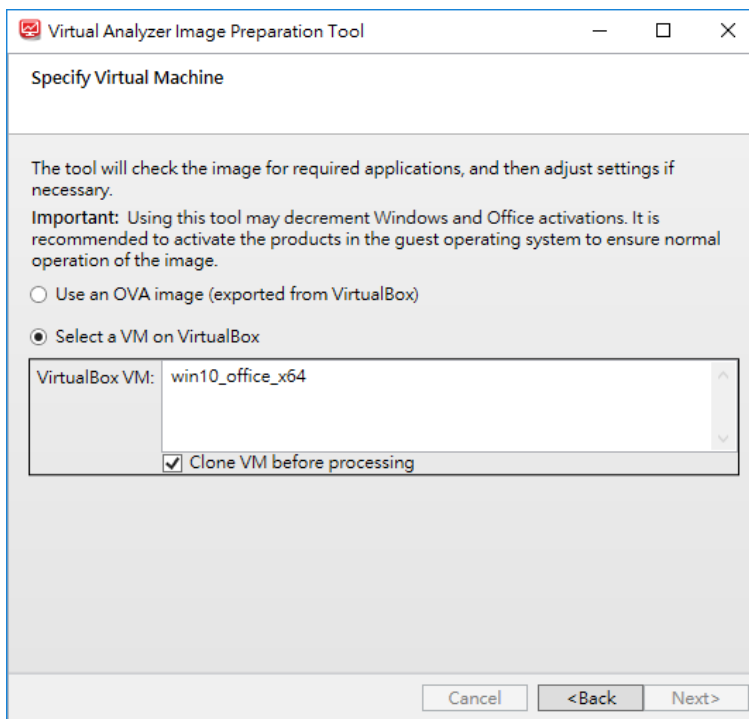


FIGURE 4-4. Specify Virtual Machine screen - Select a VM on VirtualBox

- b. Select **Clone VM before processing** to create a new copy of the virtual machine with its own set of individual snapshots. Cloning allows quick creation of duplicate environments for testing. You can run as many clones as the memory and processors on the system allow.
6. Click **Next**.

The **Sandbox Preparation** screen appears.

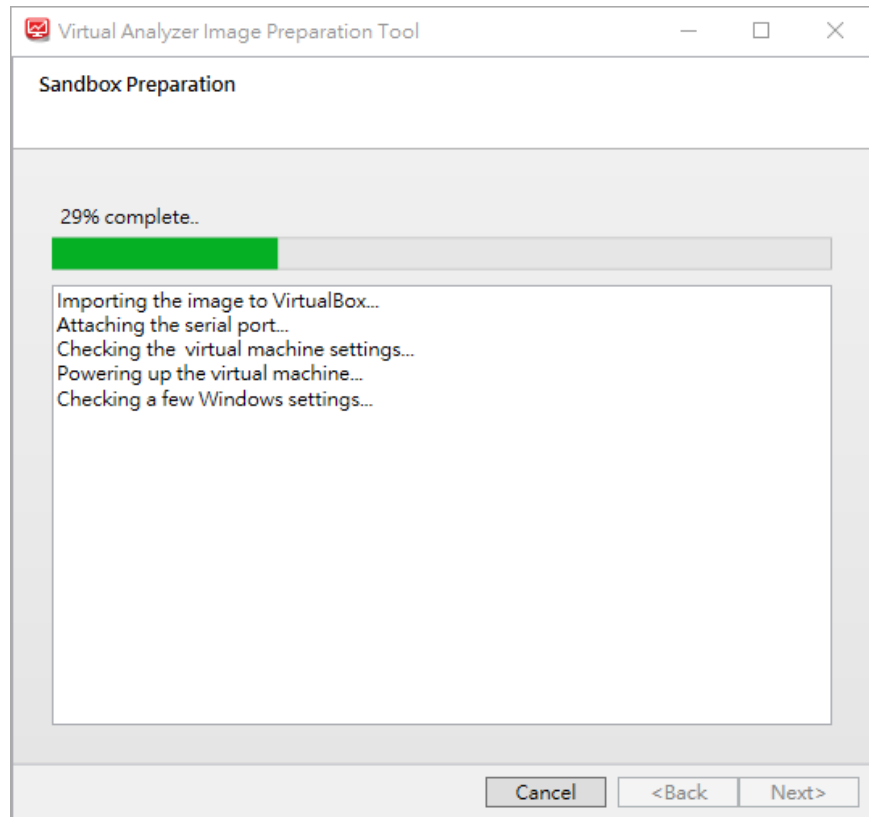


FIGURE 4-5. Sandbox Preparation screen

The tool modifies incorrectly configured settings. For a list of settings that the tool validates, see [Image Validation and Configuration on page 4-4](#). For solutions to issues that occur during this phase, see [Troubleshooting Common Issues on page 4-20](#).

7. Perform one of the following actions depending on the screen that appears:

- The **Sandbox Ready** screen appears when the tool has successfully validated and configured all settings.

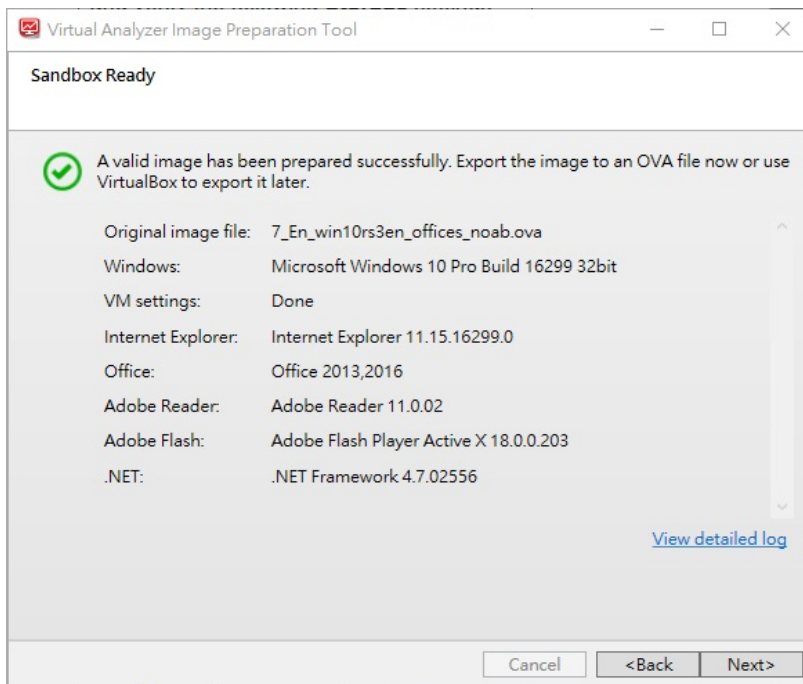


FIGURE 4-6. Sandbox Ready screen

Click **Next** to continue.

- The **Products Not Activated** screen appears when the tool detects that Windows and/or Office are installed but not activated.

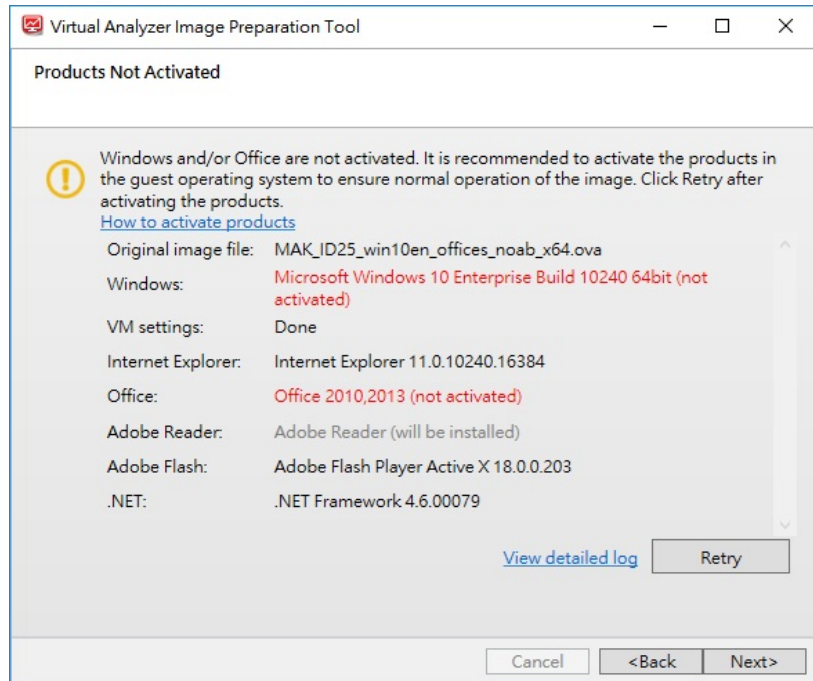


FIGURE 4-7. Products Not Activated screen

Click **How to activate products** to learn to how to activate Windows and/or Office in the guest operating system.

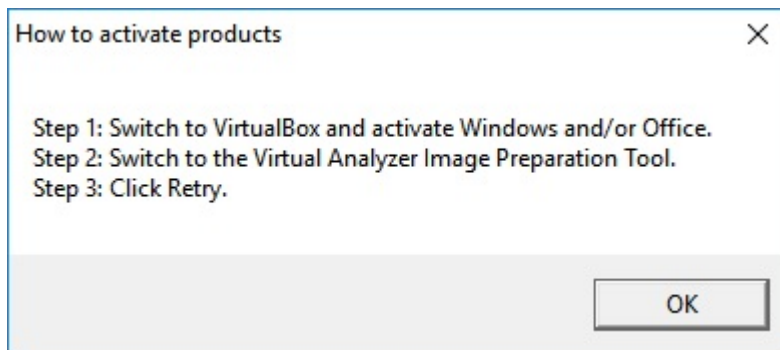


FIGURE 4-8. How to activate products dialog

Click **Retry** after activating the products, or click **Next** to continue without activating the products. It is recommended to activate the products in the guest operating system to ensure normal operation of the image.

- The **Sandbox Preparation Unsuccessful** screen appears when the tool is unable to fix issues encountered during preparation.

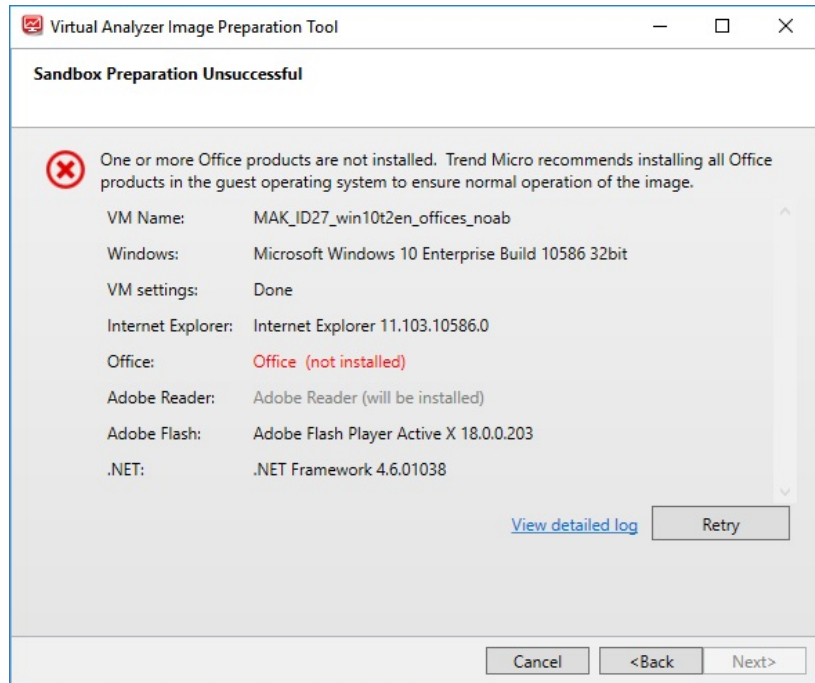
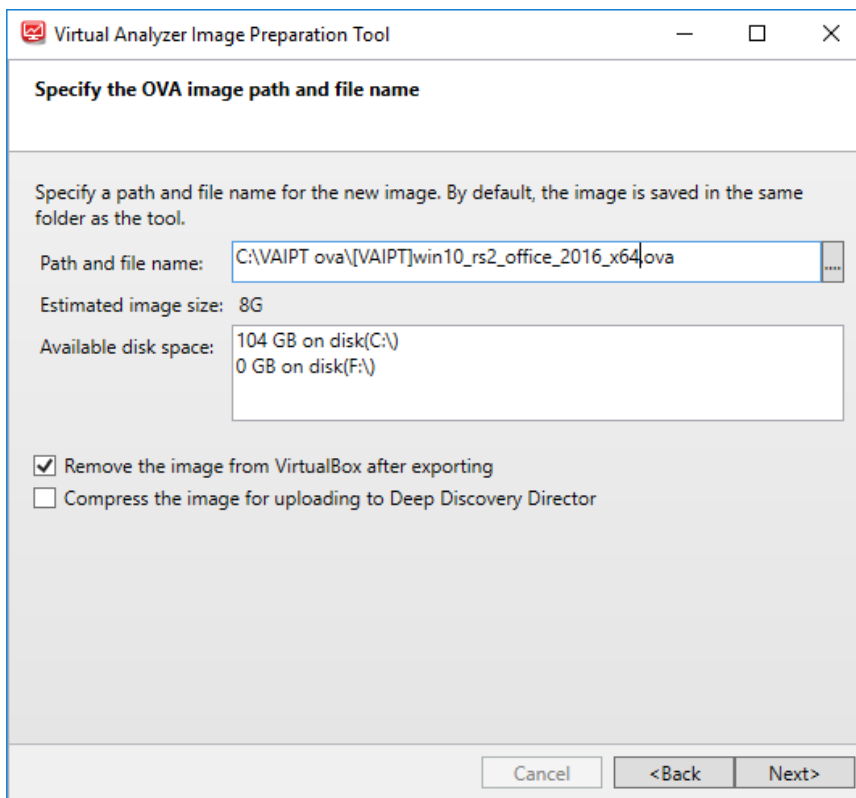


FIGURE 4-9. Sandbox Preparation Unsuccessful screen

Click **View detailed log** and perform any recommended actions before running the tool again.

Click **Retry** to try preparing the sandbox again, or **Cancel** to exit the tool.

If no issues arise, the **Specify the OVA image path and file name** screen appears.



The screenshot shows a Windows-style dialog box titled "Virtual Analyzer Image Preparation Tool". The main heading inside is "Specify the OVA image path and file name". Below this, a text box contains the instruction: "Specify a path and file name for the new image. By default, the image is saved in the same folder as the tool." A text input field labeled "Path and file name:" contains the text "C:\VAIPT ova\[VAIPT]win10_rs2_office_2016_x64.ova". To the right of the input field is a browse button (three dots). Below the input field, it says "Estimated image size: 8G". A section labeled "Available disk space:" shows "104 GB on disk(C:\)" and "0 GB on disk(F:\)". At the bottom, there are two checkboxes: the first is checked and labeled "Remove the image from VirtualBox after exporting"; the second is unchecked and labeled "Compress the image for uploading to Deep Discovery Director". At the very bottom are three buttons: "Cancel", "<Back", and "Next>".

FIGURE 4-10. Specify OVA image path and file name screen

If issues arise and are not resolved, see [Troubleshooting Common Issues on page 4-20](#).

**Note**

SandboxWizard.exe saves logs in the \log folder where you run the tool. Logs use the following naming convention: d:\SandboxWizard\log\VATool-yyyymmddhhmmss_output.txt

For example: d:\SandboxWizard\log
\VATool-20170925025520_output.txt

8. Configure the following settings:

- Specify the path and file name that the tool uses when saving the OVA file.

**Note**

The tool uses the following naming convention when saving an OVA file:
VATool-20170925025520.ova

- (Optional) Enable **Remove the image from VirtualBox after exporting**.

Disable this option if you want to keep the image in VirtualBox even after exporting.

**Important**

Unused images consume valuable disk space may impact performance.

- (Optional) Enable **Compress the image for uploading to Deep Discovery Director**.

**Important**

Only Virtual Analyzer images compressed in TAR format by the Virtual Analyzer Image Preparation Tool can be uploaded to and deployed from Deep Discovery Director.

9. Click Next.

The **Export the image to OVA** screen appears and the tool exports the OVA file.

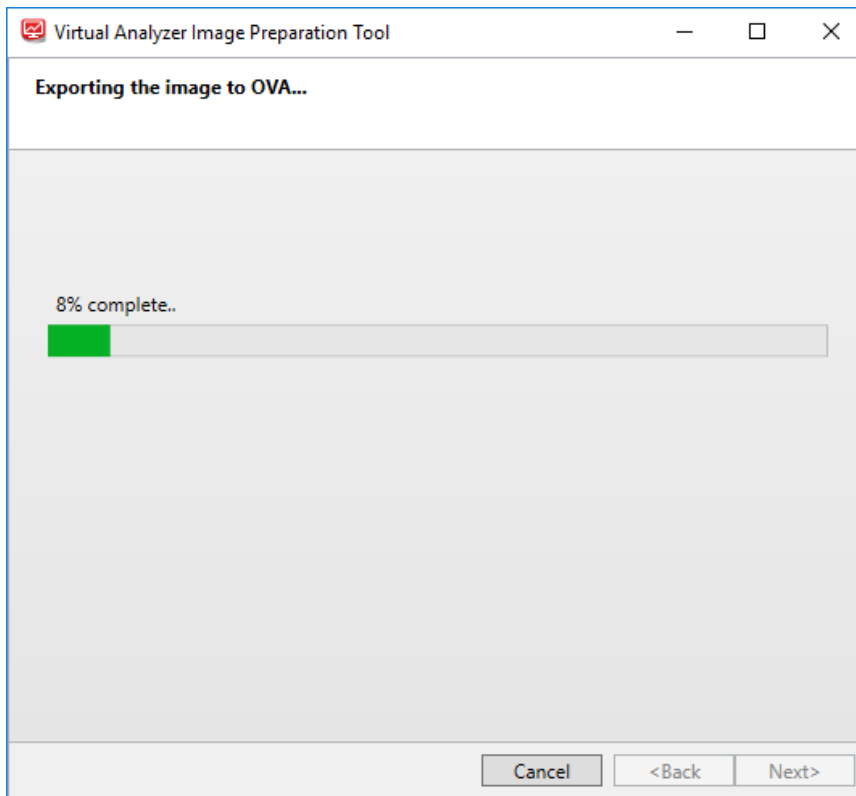


FIGURE 4-11. Export the image to OVA screen

The **OVA Image Ready** screen appears when the export process completes.

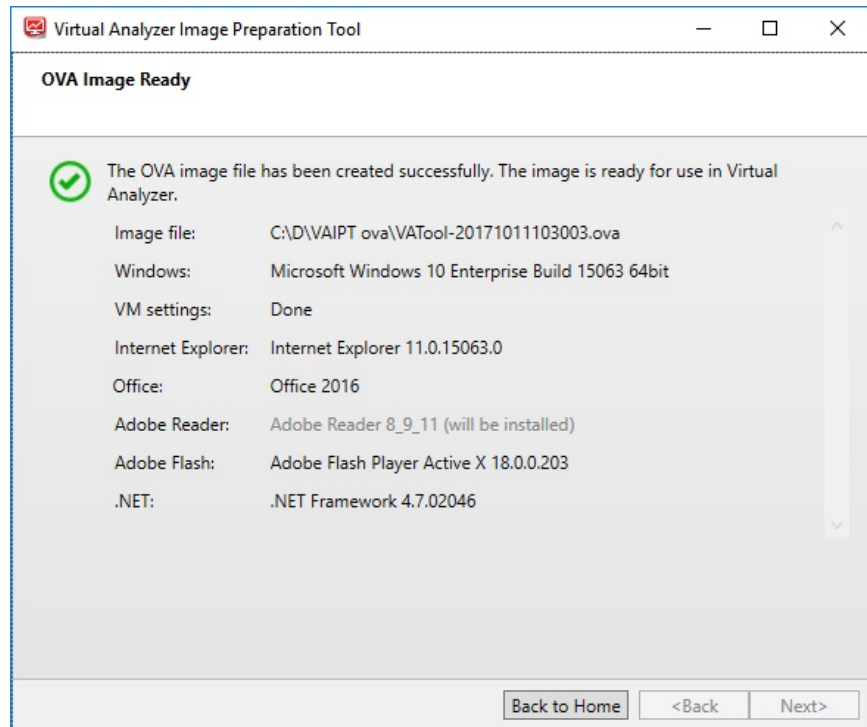


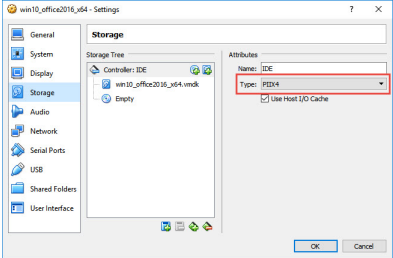
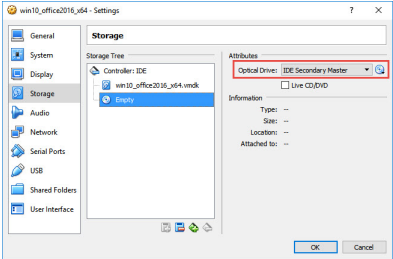
FIGURE 4-12. OVA Image Ready screen

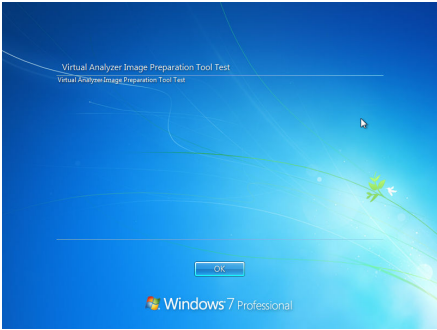
10. Click the **Close** button in the upper right corner to exit the tool or click **Back to Home** to create another image.

Troubleshooting Common Issues

TABLE 4-4. Common Issues When Using the Tool

ISSUE	CAUSE	RECOMMENDED ACTION
Unable to upload an OVA file.	The image does not meet the minimum or maximum size requirements.	Verify that the OVA image is between 1 GB and 20 GB in size.
Unable to prepare a virtual machine image.	The image was not created using VirtualBox.	Install a supported VirtualBox version. For details, see System Requirements on page 4-3 .
	VirtualBox is not installed on the computer.	For virtual machine images created in VMware, see Creating OVA Files Using Converted Virtual Hard Disk Drives on page 3-2 .
	The image uses an unsupported operating system.	Use a supported operating system. For details, see Required Software on page 2-2 .
	VirtualBox is unresponsive.	Refer to the VirtualBox documentation. https://www.virtualbox.org/manual/ch12.html#idp54271008

ISSUE	CAUSE	RECOMMENDED ACTION
Unable to start the VirtualBox installation CD/DVD.	Settings are incorrectly configured.	Open the imported image using VirtualBox and verify the following Storage settings. - Select Controller: IDE and verify that the specified type is PIIX4.  FIGURE 4-13. Controller: IDE must be set to PIIX4 - Select the optical disc icon and verify that the specified CD/DVD drive is IDE Secondary Master.  FIGURE 4-14. CD/DVD drive is set to IDE Secondary Master

ISSUE	CAUSE	RECOMMENDED ACTION
Unable to enter the desktop of the guest operating system.	Group policy settings are incorrectly configured.	Click OK on the Virtual Analyzer Image Preparation Tool Test screen to enter the desktop of the guest operating system. 

ISSUE	CAUSE	RECOMMENDED ACTION
Unable to start SandboxWizard.exe in the guest image.	AutoPlay settings are incorrectly configured.	1. Open VirtualBox. 2. On the VirtualBox Manager screen, click  to power on the image. 3. On the guest operating system, perform the following: a. Go to Control Panel > AutoPlay. b. Select Install or run program from your media from the Software and games drop-down menu. c. Click Save. d. Open the Local Group Policy Editor. e. Go to Computer Configuration > Administrative Templates > Windows Components > AutoPlay Policies. f. Select Not configured to disable AutoPlay.

Sample Logs

Preparation successful. Missing app detected.

Trend Micro(TM) Virtual Analyzer Image Preparation Tool
Detailed Log

1. Overview

Result	Preparation successful
Completed	2018-07-01 07:53:06
Virtual machine name	MAK_win7splen_offices_noab_ID13(in VirtualBox) - OK

2. Hardware settings

Processor count	1	- OK
Memory size	1024	- OK
Host Audio Driver	"none"	- OK
Audio Controller	"none"	- OK
Nested Paging	"on"	- OK
Large Page	"off"	- OK
CPU Execution Cap	100	- OK
PAE/NX	"on"	- OK
ACPI	"on"	- OK
HPET	"off"	- OK
I/O APIC	"on"	- OK
Use UTC	"off"	- OK
Chipset	"ich9"	- OK
USB	"on"	- OK
USB ECHI	"off"	- OK
VT-x	"on"	- OK
Porting Device	"usbtablet"	- OK
NIC	"nat"	- OK
IDE Controller		- OK
CD/DVD drive		- OK
VMDK/VDI		- OK
NIC		- OK

3. Windows and applications"

Windows	Microsoft Windows 7 Enterprise SP1 Build 7601 32bit - OK
Office	
Microsoft Word	Microsoft Word 2003,2007 - installed
Microsoft Power Point	Microsoft Power Point 2003,2007 - installed
Microsoft Excel	Microsoft Excel 2003,2007 - installed
Microsoft Publisher	Microsoft Publisher 2003,2007 - installed
.NET	.NET Framework 4.0.30319 - OK
Internet Explorer	Internet Explorer 9.0.8112.16421 - OK
Adobe Flash	Adobe Flash Player - will be install
Adobe Reader	Adobe Reader - will be install

Preparation unsuccessful. Some items must be fixed manually.

Trend Micro(TM) Virtual Analyzer Image Preparation Tool
Detailed Log

1. Overview

Result	Preparation unsuccessful. Some items need to be fixed manually.
Error Reason	One or more Office products are not installed.
Completed	2018-07-03 10:51:09
Virtual machine name	MAK_ID27_win10t2en_offices_noab(in VirtualBox) - OK

2. Hardware settings

Processor count	1	- OK
Memory size	1024	- OK
Host Audio Driver	"null"	- OK
Audio Controller	"null"	- OK
Nested Paging	"on"	- OK
Large Page	"off"	- OK
CPU Execution Cap	100	- OK
PAE/NX	"on"	- OK
ACPI	"on"	- OK
HPET	"on"	- OK
I/O APIC	"on"	- OK
Use UTC	"off"	- OK
Chipset	"ich9"	- OK
USB	"on"	- OK
USB ECHI	"off"	- OK
VT-x	"on"	- OK
Porting Device	"usbttablet"	- OK
NIC	"natnetwork"	- OK
NAT Network	"NatNetwork"	- OK
IDE Controller		- OK
CD/DVD drive		- OK
VMDK/VDI		- OK
NIC		- OK

3. Windows and applications"

Windows	Microsoft Windows 10 Enterprise Build 10586 32bit - installed	
Office		
Microsoft Word	Microsoft Word	- Error: not installed
Microsoft Power Point	Microsoft PowerPoint 2016	- installed
Microsoft Excel	Microsoft Excel 2016	- installed
Microsoft Publisher	Microsoft Publisher 2016	- installed
.NET	.NET Framework 4.6.01038	- OK
Internet Explorer	Internet Explorer 11.103.10586.0	- OK
Adobe Flash	Adobe Flash Player Active X 18.0.0.203	- OK
Adobe Reader	Adobe Reader	- will be installed



TREND MICRO INCORPORATED

225 E. John Carpenter Freeway, Suite 1500
Irving, Texas 75062 U.S.A.
Phone: +1 (817) 569-8900, Toll-free: (888) 762-8736
Email: support@trendmicro.com

www.trendmicro.com

Item Code: APEM58447/180815